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ICC-ES Evaluation Report ESR-1990

DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

fischer FIS EM PLUS ADHESIVE ANCHORING SYSTEM AND POST INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR CONNECTIONS FOR CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE

Compliance with the following codes:

- 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012, and 2009 International Building Code[®] (IBC)
- 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012, and 2009 *International Residential Code*[®] (IRC)

For evaluation for compliance with codes adopted by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS), see <u>ESR-1990 LABC and LARC Supplement</u>.

Property evaluated:

Structural

2.0 USES

Adhesive anchors installed using the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System are post-installed adhesive anchors and the post-installed reinforcing bars are used as reinforcing bar connections (for development length and splice length) to resist static, wind and earthquake (IBC Seismic Design Categories A through F) tension and shear loads in cracked and uncracked normal-weight concrete having a specified compressive strength, f_c , of 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

The anchoring system complies with the requirements for anchors as described in Section 1901.3 of the 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC, Section 1909 of the 2012 IBC and is an alternative to cast-in-place and post-installed anchors described in Sections 1908 of the 2012 IBC, and Sections 1911 and 1912 of the 2009 IBC. The anchor systems may Compliance with International Codes
 Compliance to State/Regional Codes

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also be used where an engineered design is submitted in accordance with Section R301.1.3 of the IRC.

The post-installed reinforcing bar connections are an alternative to cast-in-place reinforcing bars governed by ACI 318 and IBC Chapter 19.

3.0 DESCRIPTION

3.1 General:

The fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchor System is comprised of the following components:

- Adhesive packaged in cartridges: fischer FIS EM Plus 390 S, fischer FIS EM Plus 585 S, or fischer FIS EM Plus 1500 S
- Adhesive mixing and dispensing equipment
- Equipment for hole cleaning and adhesive injection
- An anchor element (continuously threaded steel rod or a deformed steel reinforcing bar)

fischer FIS EM Plus adhesive may only be used with continuously threaded steel rods, internal threaded anchors or deformed steel reinforcing bars described in Tables 2, 3, 4, and 5 and depicted in Figures 4 and 7 of this report. The primary components of the fischer adhesive anchor system, including the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive and the anchoring elements are shown in Figure 8 of this report.

The manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII), as included with each adhesive unit package, are shown in Figure 6 of this report. The adhesive is also referred to as "mortar" in the installation instructions.

3.2 Materials:

3.2.1 fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive: fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive is an injectable epoxy adhesive. The two components are kept separate in a dual-chambered cartridge. The two components combine and react when dispensed through the static mixing nozzle FIS MR Plus (13.2 oz. cartridge) or FIS UMR (19.8 oz. or 50.7 oz. cartridge) attached to the manifold. The system is labeled fischer FIS EM Plus 390 S [13.2 oz (390 mL)], fischer FIS EM Plus 585 S [19.8 oz. (585 mL)] or fischer FIS EM Plus 1500 S [50.7 oz. (1500 ml)]. The cartridge is stamped with the adhesive expiration date. The shelf life, as indicated by the expiration date, corresponds to an unopened pack stored in a dry, dark environment. Storage temperature of

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the adhesive is 41°F to 86°F (5°C to 30°C). Short-term (less than 48-hour) temperature variations during adhesive storage are permitted as long as the temperature remains between 41°F and 104°F (5°C and 40°C). Under these conditions the shelf life is 36 months.

3.2.2 Hole Cleaning Equipment and Installation Accessories: Installation accessories include static mixing nozzles, extension tubes, and injection adapters as depicted in Figure 8 of this report.

3.2.2.1 Standard Hole Cleaning: Hole cleaning equipment comprised of steel wire brushes and air nozzles must be used in accordance with Figure 6 of this report.

3.2.2.2 Hole Cleaning with Hollow Drill Bit: When using a hollow drill bit, only the tested hollow drill bits with the manufacturer's designation fischer FHD, Bosch Speed Clean; Hilti TE-CD, TE-YD must be used. The dust extraction system must maintain a minimum volume flow of 36 liters per second (1.27 cubic foot per second). If these requirements are fulfilled, no additional hole cleaning is required

3.2.3 Dispensers: fischer FIS EM Plus adhesive must be dispensed with manual dispensers, cordless electric dispensers or pneumatic dispensers provided by fischerwerke.

3.2.4 Steel Anchor Elements:

3.2.4.1 Threaded steel rods: Threaded steel rods must be clean, continuously threaded rods (all-thread) in diameters as described in Figure 4 of this report. Steel design information for common grades of threaded rod and associated nuts are provided in Table 2 and Table 3 of this report. Carbon steel threaded rods are furnished with a 0.0002-inch-thick (0.005 mm) zinc electroplated coating in accordance with ASTM B633 SC 1, or must be hot-dipped galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153, Class C or D. Steel grade and type (carbon, stainless) for nuts and washers must correspond to the threaded steel rod. Threaded steel rods must be straight and free of indentations or other defects along their length. The end may be stamped with identifying marks and the embedded end may be blunt cut or cut on the bias (chisel point).

3.2.4.2 fischer Threaded Steel Rods FIS A and RG M: fischer FIS A and RG M anchor rods are threaded rods classified as ductile steel elements in accordance with Section 3.2.4.5 of this report. The fischer FIS A is a threaded rod with flat shape on both ends. The fischer RG M is a threaded rod with a chamfer shape on the embedded section and flat or hexagonal end on the concrete surface side, as shown in Tables 2 and 3 and Figure 8. Mechanical properties for the fischer FIS A and RG M are provided in Tables 2 and 3 of this report. The anchor rods are available in diameters as shown in Figure 4. fischer FIS A and RG M anchor rods are produced from carbon steel and furnished with a 0.0002-inch-thick (0.005 mm) zinc electroplated coating or fabricated from R or HCR stainless steel. Steel grade and type (carbon, stainless) for the washers and nuts must match the threaded rods. The threaded rods are marked on the head with an identifying mark (see Figure 7).

3.2.4.3 Steel Reinforcing bars for use in Post-installed **Anchor Applications:** Steel reinforcing bars are deformed reinforcing bars as described in Table 4 of this report. Figure 4 summarizes reinforcing bars must be straight, and free of mill scale, rust, mud, oil and other coatings that impair the bond with the adhesive. Reinforcing bars must not be bent after installation, except as set forth in ACI 318-19 Section 26.6.3.2 (b), or ACI 318-14 Section 26.6.3.1 (b) or ACI 318-11 Section 7.3.2, as applicable, with the additional condition

that the bars must be bent cold, and heating of reinforcing bars to facilitate field bending is not permitted.

3.2.4.4 fischer internal threaded anchors RG M I: fischer internal threaded anchors RG M I have a profile on the external surface and are internally threaded. Mechanical properties for fischer internal threaded are provided in Table 5. The anchors are available in diameters and lengths as shown Figure 4. fischer internal threaded anchors RG M I are produced from carbon steel and furnished with a 0.0002-inch-thick (0.005 mm) zinc electroplated coating or fabricated from stainless steel. Specifications for common bolt types that may be used in conjunction with fischer internal threaded anchor RG M I are provided in Table 6. Steel grade and type (carbon, stainless) must match the internal threaded rods. Strength reduction factor, nominal diameter, corresponding to brittle steel elements must be used for fischer internal threaded anchors.

3.2.4.5 Ductility of Anchor Elements: In accordance with ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 Section 2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.1, as applicable, in order for a steel element to be considered ductile, the tested elongation must be at least 14 percent and reduction of area must be at least 30 percent. Steel elements with a tested elongation of less than 14 percent or a reduction of area of less than 30 percent, or both, are considered brittle. Values for various steel materials are provided in Tables 2 through 6 of this report. Where values are nonconforming or unstated, the steel must be considered brittle.

3.2.4.6 Steel Reinforcing bars for use in Post-installed Reinforcing Bar Connections: Steel reinforcing bars used in post-installed reinforcing bar connections are deformed bars (rebars) as depicted in Figure 8. Tables 37 and 38 summarize reinforcing bars must be straight, and free of mill scale, rust, mud, oil and other coatings that impair the bond with the adhesive. Reinforcing bars must not be bent after installation, except as set forth in ACI 318-19 Section 26.6.3.2 (b), or ACI 318-14 Section 26.6.3.1 (b) or ACI 318-11 Section 7.3.2, as applicable, with the additional condition that the bars must be bent cold, and heating of reinforcing bars to facilitate field bending is not permitted.

3.3 Concrete:

Normal-weight concrete must comply with Sections 1903 and 1905 of the IBC. The specified compressive strength of the concrete must be from 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

4.0 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION

4.1 Strength Design:

4.1.1 General: The design strength of adhesive anchors under the 2021 IBC, as well as the 2021 IRC must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-19 and this report. The design strength of adhesive anchors under the 2018 and 2015 IBC, as well as the 2018 and 2015 IRC, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 and this report. The design strength of adhesive anchors under the 2012, and 2009 IBC, as well as the 2012, and 2009 IRC, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 and this report.

Design parameters are based on ACI 318-19 for use with 2021 IBC, or CI 318-14 for use with 2015 IBC or ACI 318-11 for use with the 2012, and 2009 IBC, as applicable, unless noted otherwise in Sections 4.1.1 through 4.1.11 of this report. Table 1 provides an index to the design strengths.

The strength design of adhesive anchors must comply with ACI 318-19 17.5.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.3.1 or 318-11

D.4.1, as applicable, except as required in ACI 318-19 17.10, ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or 318-11 D.3.3, as applicable.

Design parameters are provided in Tables 7 through 36 of this report. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as described in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, or Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as described in ACI 318-11 D.4.4 must be used for load combinations calculated in ACI 318-11 D.4.4 must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix C.

4.1.2 Static Steel Strength in Tension: The nominal steel strength of a single anchor in tension, N_{sa} , shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.1.2, as applicable, and the associated strength reduction factors, ϕ , in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are given in Tables 7, 12, 17, 22, 27 and 32 of this report for the anchor element types included in this report. See Table 1.

4.1.3 Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension: The nominal static concrete breakout strength in tension of a single anchor of group of anchors, N_{cb} or N_{cbg} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2, as applicable, with the following addition:

The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in tension, N_b, must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.2, as applicable, using the values of $k_{c,cr}$, and $k_{c,uncr}$ as described in the tables of this report. Where analysis indicates no cracking in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.5, ACI 318-14 17.4.2.6 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.6, as applicable, N_b must be calculated using $k_{c,uncr}$ and $\Psi_{c,N}$ = 1.0. See Table 1. For anchors in lightweight concrete see ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 D.3.6, as applicable. The value of f'_c used for calculation must be limited to 8,000 psi (55 MPa) in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.3.1, ACI 318-14 17.2.7 or ACI 318-11 D.3.7, as applicable. Additional information for the determination of nominal bond strength in tension is given in Section 4.1.4 of this report.

4.1.4 Static Bond Strength in Tension: The nominal static bond strength of a single adhesive anchor or group of adhesive anchors in tension, N_a or N_{ag} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318 17.6.5, ACI 318-14 17.4.5 or ACI 318-11 D.5.5, as applicable. Bond strength values ($\tau_{k,uncr} / \tau_{k,cr}$) are a function of the concrete state (cracked or uncracked), temperature range, drilling method (hammer drilling / diamond core drilling / hollow drill bit drilling), hole cleaning (standard / hollow drill bit) and the installation conditions (dry / water-saturated / water-filled hole / underwater), and the level of inspection provided (periodic / continuous). The resulting characteristic bond strength must be multiplied by the associated strength reduction factor ϕ_{nn} and the modification factor K_{nn} , where given, as follows:

DRILLING / CLEANING METHOD	CON- CRETE STATE	BOND STRENGTH	PERMISSIBLE INSTALLATION CONDITIONS	ASSOCIATED STRENGTH REDUCTION FACTOR
			Dry Holes in Concrete	Ø _d
	uncracked	Tk uppr	Holes in Concrete	ϕ_{ws}
		- n,anor	Water-filled Holes in <u>Concrete</u>	$\phi_{wt} \cdot K_{wt}$
Hammer			Underwater Installation in Concrete	ϕ_{uw}
drilling			Dry Holes in <u>Concrete</u>	φ _d
	cracked	Tk cr	Water Saturated Holes in Concrete	ϕ_{ws}
		,2	Holes in Concrete	$\phi_{wf} \cdot K_{wf}$
			Underwater Installation in Concrete	ϕ_{uw}
DRILLING / CLEANING METHOD	CON- CRETE STATE	BOND STRENGTH	PERMISSIBLE INSTALLATION CONDITIONS	ASSOCIATED STRENGTH REDUCTION FACTOR
			-	
			Dry Holes in Concrete	$\phi_d \cdot K_d$
	uncracked	T k upor	Dry Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Water Saturated Holes in <u>Concrete</u>	$\phi_d \cdot K_d$ $\phi_{ws} \cdot K_{ws}$
	uncracked	₹k,uncr	Dry Holes in Concrete Water Saturated Holes in Water-filled Holes in Concrete	$\phi_d \cdot K_d$ $\phi_{ws} \cdot K_{ws}$ $\phi_{wt} \cdot K_{wt}$
Core drilling	uncracked	T k, unor	Dry Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Water Saturated Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Undervater Installation in Concrete	$\phi_{d} \cdot K_{d}$ $\phi_{ws} \cdot K_{ws}$ $\phi_{wt} \cdot K_{wt}$ ϕ_{uw}
Core drilling	uncracked	₹k,uncr	Dry Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Water Saturated Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Underwater Installation in <u>Concrete</u> Dry Holes in <u>Concrete</u>	$\phi_{d} \cdot K_{d}$ $\phi_{ws} \cdot K_{ws}$ $\phi_{wf} \cdot K_{wf}$ ϕ_{uw} $\phi_{d} \cdot K_{d}$
Core drilling	uncracked	Tk,uncr	Dry Holes in Concrete Water Saturated Holes in Concrete Water-filled Holes in Concrete Dry Holes in Concrete Water Saturated Holes in Concrete	$\phi_{d} \cdot K_{d}$ $\phi_{ws} \cdot K_{ws}$ $\phi_{wf} \cdot K_{wf}$ ϕ_{uw} $\phi_{d} \cdot K_{d}$ $\phi_{ws} \cdot K_{ws}$
Core drilling	uncracked	Tk,uncr Tk,cr	Dry Holes in Concrete Water Saturated Holes in Concrete Underwater Installation in Concrete Dry Holes in Concrete Water Saturated Holes in Concrete Water-filled Holes in Concrete	$\phi_{d} \cdot K_{d}$ $\phi_{ws} \cdot K_{ws}$ $\phi_{wf} \cdot K_{wf}$ ϕ_{uw} $\phi_{d} \cdot K_{d}$ $\phi_{ws} \cdot K_{ws}$ $\phi_{wf} \cdot K_{wf}$
Core drilling	uncracked	τ _{k,unc} r τ _{k,c} r	Dry Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Water Saturated Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Underwater Installation in <u>Concrete</u> Dry Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Water Saturated Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Water-filled Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Underwater Installation in <u>Concrete</u> Dry	$\phi_{d} \cdot K_{d}$ $\phi_{ws} \cdot K_{ws}$ $\phi_{wt} \cdot K_{wt}$ ϕ_{uw} $\phi_{d} \cdot K_{d}$ $\phi_{ws} \cdot K_{ws}$ $\phi_{wt} \cdot K_{wt}$ ϕ_{uw}
Core drilling	uncracked	Tk,unor Tk,cr Tk,unor	Dry Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Water Saturated Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Underwater Installation in Concrete Dry Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Water Saturated Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Water-filled Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Underwater Installation in Concrete Underwater Installation in Concrete Underwater Installation in Concrete Underwater Installation in Concrete	$\phi_{d} \cdot K_{d}$ $\phi_{ws} \cdot K_{ws}$ $\phi_{wt} \cdot K_{wt}$ ϕ_{uw} $\phi_{d} \cdot K_{d}$ $\phi_{ws} \cdot K_{ws}$ $\phi_{wt} \cdot K_{wt}$ ϕ_{uw} ϕ_{d}
Core drilling	uncracked	Tk,unor Tk,cr Tk,unor	Dry Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Water Saturated Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Undervater Installation in <u>Concrete</u> Dry Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Water Saturated Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Underwater Installation in <u>Concrete</u> Underwater Installation in <u>Concrete</u> Underwater Installation in <u>Concrete</u> Dry Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Underwater Installation in <u>Concrete</u> Dry Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Dry Holes in <u>Concrete</u> Dry	$\phi_{d} \cdot K_{d}$ $\phi_{WS} \cdot K_{WS}$ $\phi_{WI} \cdot K_{WI}$ ϕ_{UW} $\phi_{d} \cdot K_{d}$ $\phi_{WS} \cdot K_{WS}$ $\phi_{WI} \cdot K_{WI}$ ϕ_{UW} ϕ_{d} ϕ_{UW}
Core drilling Hollow drilling	uncracked cracked uncracked cracked	Tk,unor Tk,or Tk,unor Tk,unor	Dry Holes in Concrete Water Saturated Holes in Concrete Underwater-filled Holes in Concrete Dry Holes in Concrete Water-filled Holes in Concrete Underwater Installation in Concrete Underwater Installation in Concrete Underwater Installation in Concrete Underwater Installation in Concrete Underwater Installation in Concrete Underwater Installation in Concrete Dry Holes in Concrete Dry Holes in Concrete Dry Holes in Concrete Dry Holes in Concrete	$ \phi_d \cdot K_d $ $ \phi_{WS} \cdot K_{WS} $ $ \phi_{Wf} \cdot K_{Wf} $ $ \phi_{UW} $ $ \phi_d \cdot K_d $ $ \phi_{WS} \cdot K_{WS} $ $ \phi_{UW} $ $ \phi_d $ $ \phi_{UW} $ $ \phi_d $ $ \phi_{d} $ $ \phi_{WS} $ $ \phi_d $

Strength reduction factors, ϕ_{nn} and modification factor K_{nn} , for determination of the bond strength are given in Tables 9 through 11, 14 through 16, 19 through 21, 24 through 26, 29 through 31 and 34 through 36 of this report. Bond strength must also be multiplied by the modification factor K, where given for the applicable diameters. Adjustments to the bond strength may also be taken for increased concrete compressive strength as noted in the footnotes to the corresponding tables noted above. Figure 5 of this report presents a bond strength design selection flowchart.

4.1.5 Static Steel Strength in Shear: The nominal static strength of a single anchor in shear as governed by the steel, V_{sa} , in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.1.2, as applicable, and the strength reduction factor, ϕ , in accordance with ACI 318-19

17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are given in Tables 7, 12, 17, 22, 27 and 32 for the anchor element types included in this report. See Table 1.

4.1.6 Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Shear: The nominal static concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cb} or V_{cbg} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2, as applicable, based on information given in Tables 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, and 33 of this report. See Table 1. The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in shear, V_b , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2.2, as applicable, using the values of d_a given in Tables 7, 12, 17, 22, 27 and 32 for the corresponding anchor steel. In addition, h_{ef} must be substituted for ℓ_e . In no case shall ℓ_e exceed 8*d*. The value of f_c shall be limited to a maximum of 8,000 psi (55 MPa) in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.3.1, ACI 318-14 17.2.7 or ACI 318-11 D.3.7, as applicable.

4.1.7 Static Concrete Pryout Strength in Shear: The nominal static pryout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cp} or V_{cpg} , shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.3, ACI 318-14 17.5.3 or ACI 318-11 D.6.3, as applicable.

4.1.8 Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces: For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.8, ACI 318-14 17.6 or ACI 318-11 D.7, as applicable.

4.1.9 Minimum Member Thickness, h_{min} , Anchor Spacing, s_{min} , and Edge Distance, c_{min} : In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.2, ACI 318-14 17.7.1 and 17.7.3 or ACI 318-11 D.8.1 and D.8.3, as applicable, values of s_{min} and c_{min} described in this report (Tables 8, 13, 18, 23, 28 and 33) must be observed for anchor design and installation. The minimum member thickness, h_{min} , described in this report (Tables 8, 13, 18, 23, 28 and 33) must be observed for anchor design and installation. The minimum member thickness, h_{min} , described in this report (Tables 8, 13, 18, 23, 28 and 33) must be observed for anchor design and installation. For adhesive anchors that will remain untorqued, refer to ACI 318-19 17.9.3, ACI 318-14 17.7.4 or ACI 318-11 D.8.4, as applicable.

4.1.10 Critical Edge Distance c_{ac} and $\psi_{cp,Na}$: The modification factor $\psi_{cp,Na}$, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.5.5, ACI 318-14 17.4.5.5 or ACI 318-11 D.5.5.5, as applicable, except as noted below:

For all cases where $c_{Na}/c_{ac}<1.0$, $\psi_{cp,Na}$ determined from ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.5.5.1b, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.5.5b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-27, as applicable, need not be taken less than c_{Na}/c_{ac} . For all other cases, $\psi_{cp,Na}$ shall be taken as 1.0.

The critical edge distance, c_{ac} must be calculated according to Eq. 17.6.5.5.1c for ACI 318-19, Eq. 17.4.5.5c for ACI 318-14 or Eq. D-27a for ACI 318-11, in lieu of ACI 318-14 17.7.6 or ACI 318-11 D.8.6, as applicable.

$$c_{ac} = h_{ef} \cdot \left(\frac{T_{k, uncr}}{1160}\right)^{0.4} \cdot \left[3.1 - 0.7 \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right]$$

(Eq. 17.6.5.5.1c for ACI 318-19, Eq. 17.4.5.5c for ACI 318-14 or Eq. D-27a for ACI 318-11)

where

 $\left|\frac{h}{h}\right|$ need not be taken as larger than 2.4; and

 $\pi_{k,uncr}$ = the characteristic bond strength stated in the tables of this report whereby $\pi_{k,uncr}$ need not be taken as larger than:

$$\tau_{k,uncr} = \frac{k_{uncr} \sqrt{h_{ef} f_c'}}{\pi \cdot d_a}$$
 Eq. (4-1)

4.1.11 Design Strength in Seismic Design Categories C, D, E and F: In structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F under the IBC or IRC, anchors must be designed in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.10, ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or 318-11 D.3.3, as applicable, except as described below.

The nominal steel shear strength, V_{sa} , must be adjusted by $\alpha_{V,seis}$ as given in Tables 7, 12, 17, 22, 27 and 32 of this report for the anchor element types included in this report. The nominal bond strength τ_{cr} must be adjusted by $\alpha_{N,seis}$ as noted in Tables 9 through 11, 14 through 16, 19 through 21, 24 through 26, 29 through 31, and 34 through 36 of this report.

As an exception to ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.2: Anchors designed to resist wall out-of-plane forces with design strengths equal to or greater than the force determined in accordance with ASCE 7 Equation 12.11-1 or 12.14-10 shall be deemed to satisfy Section ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.3(d).

Under ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.3(d), in lieu of requiring the anchor design tensile strength to satisfy the tensile strength requirements of ACI 318-11 D.4.1.1, the anchor design tensile strength shall be calculated from ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.4.

The following exceptions apply to ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.2:

1. For the calculation of the in-plane shear strength of anchor bolts attaching wood sill plates of bearing or nonbearing walls of light-frame wood structures to foundations or foundation stem walls, the in-plane shear strength in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2 and D.6.3 need not be computed and ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3 need not apply provided all of the following are satisfied:

1.1. The allowable in-plane shear strength of the anchor is determined in accordance with AF&PA NDS Table 11E for lateral design values parallel to grain.

1.2. The maximum anchor nominal diameter is $\frac{5}{8}$ inch (16 mm).

1.3. Anchor bolts are embedded into concrete a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm).

1.4. Anchor bolts are located a minimum of $1^{3}/_{4}$ inches (45 mm) from the edge of the concrete parallel to the length of the wood sill plate.

1.5. Anchor bolts are located a minimum of 15 anchor diameters from the edge of the concrete perpendicular to the length of the wood sill plate.

1.6. The sill plate is 2-inch or 3-inch nominal thickness.

2. For the calculation of the in-plane shear strength of anchor bolts attaching cold-formed steel track of bearing or non-bearing walls of light-frame construction to foundations or foundation stem walls, the in-plane shear strength in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2 and D.6.3 need not be computed and ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3 need not apply provided all of the following are satisfied:

2.1. The maximum anchor nominal diameter is $\frac{5}{8}$ inch (16 mm).

2.2. Anchors are embedded into concrete a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm).

2.3. Anchors are located a minimum of $1^{3}/_{4}$ inches (45 mm) from the edge of the concrete parallel to the length of the track.

2.4. Anchors are located a minimum of 15 anchor diameters from the edge of the concrete perpendicular to the length of the track.

2.5. The track is 33 to 68 mil designation thickness.

Allowable in-plane shear strength of exempt anchors, parallel to the edge of concrete shall be permitted to be determined in accordance with AISI S100 Section E3.3.1.

3. In light-frame construction, bearing or nonbearing walls, shear strength of concrete anchors less than or equal to 1 inch [25 mm] in diameter attaching a sill plate or track to foundation or foundation stem wall need not satisfy ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3(a) through (c) when the design strength of the anchors is determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2.1(c).

4.2 Strength Design of Post-Installed Reinforcing Bars:

4.2.1 General: The design of straight post-installed deformed reinforcing bars must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 rules for cast-in place reinforcing bar development and splices and this report.

Examples of typical applications for the use of post-installed reinforcing bars are illustrated in Figures 2 and 3 of this report.

4.2.2 Determination of bar development length Id:

Values of l_d must be determined in accordance with the ACI 318 development and splice length requirements for straight cast-in place reinforcing bars.

Exceptions:

1. For uncoated and zinc-coated (galvanized) post-installed reinforcing bars, the factor Ψ_e shall be taken as 1.0. For all other cases, the requirements in ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5, ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 or ACI 318-11 12.2.4 (b) shall apply.

2. When using alternate methods to calculate the development length (e.g., anchor theory), the applicable factors for post-installed anchors generally apply.

4.2.3 Minimum Member Thickness, h_{min} , **Minimum Concrete Cover.** $c_{c,min}$, **Minimum Concrete Edge Distance,** $c_{b,min}$, **Minimum Spacing,** $s_{b,min}$: For post-installed reinforcing bars, there is no limit on the minimum member thickness. In general, all requirements on concrete cover and spacing applicable to straight cast-in bars designed in accordance with ACI 318 shall be maintained.

For post-installed reinforcing bars installed at embedment depths, h_{ef} , larger than $20d_b$ ($h_{ef} > 20d_b$), the minimum concrete cover shall be as follows:

REBAR SIZE	MINIMUM CONCRETE COVER
d _b	Cc,min
<i>d</i> ^{<i>b</i>} ≤ #6 (16 mm)	1 ³ / ₁₆ in. (30 mm)
#6 < <i>d</i> ^b ≤ #11	1 ⁹ / ₁₆ in.
(16 mm < $d_b \leq$ 32 mm)	(40 mm)

The following requirements apply for minimum concrete edge and spacing for $h_{ef} > 20d_b$:

Required minimum edge distance for post-installed reinforcing bars (measured from the center of the bar):

 $c_{b,min} = d_0/2 + c_{c,min}$

Required minimum center-to-center spacing between postinstalled bars: Required minimum center-to-center spacing from existing (parallel) reinforcing:

 $s_{b,min} = d_b/2$ (existing reinforcing) + $d_0/2$ + $c_{c,min}$

All other requirements applicable to straight cast-in place bars designed in accordance with ACI 318 shall be maintained.

4.2.4 Design Strength in Seismic Design Categories C, D, E and F: In structures assigned to Seismic Category C, D, E or F under the IBC or IRC, design of straight postinstalled reinforcing bars must take into account the provisions of ACI 318-19 or ACI 318-14 Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 21, as applicable

4.3 Installation:

Installation parameters are illustrated in Figures 1, 2 and 4 of this report. Installation must be in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.7.2, ACI 318-14 17.8.1 and 17.8.2 or ACI 318-11 D.9.1 and D.9.2, as applicable. Adhesive anchor locations must comply with this report and the plans and specifications approved by the code official. Installation of the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchor System must conform to the manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII) included in each unit package as described in Figure 6 of this report.

The adhesive anchor system may be used for upwardly inclined orientation applications (e.g. overhead). Upwardly inclined, horizontal, and drill depths deeper than 10 inches (250 mm) and drill hole diameters larger than $11/_2$ inches (40 mm) are to be installed using injection adaptors in accordance with the MPII as shown in Figure 6 of this report. The injection adaptor corresponding to the hole diameter must be attached to the extension tubing and static mixer supplied by fischer.

4.4 Special Inspection:

4.4.1 General: Installations may be made under continuous special inspection or periodic special inspection, as determined by the registered design professional. Tables 9 through 11, 14 through 16, 19 through 21, 24 through 26, 29 through 31, and 34 through 36 of this report provide strength reduction factors, ϕ_{nn} , and strength modification factors, K_{nn} , corresponding to the type of inspection provided.

Continuous special inspection of adhesive anchors installed in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads shall be performed in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.13.3.2(e), ACI 318-14 17.8.2.4, 26.7.1(h) and 26.13.3.2(c) or ACI 318-11 D.9.2.4, as applicable.

Under the IBC, additional requirements as set forth in Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2021, 2018, 2015, 0r 2012 IBC and Sections 1705, 1706, or 1707 of the 2009 IBC must be observed, where applicable.

4.4.2 Continuous Special Inspection: Installations made under continuous special inspection with an on-site proof loading program must be performed in accordance with Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2021, 2018, 2015 and 2012 IBC, Section 1704.15 and Table 1704.4 of the 2009 IBC, whereby continuous special inspection is defined in Section 1702.1 of the IBC, and this report. The special inspector must be on the jobsite continuously during anchor installation to verify anchor type, adhesive expiration date, anchor dimensions, concrete type, concrete compressive strength, hole dimensions, hole cleaning procedures, anchor spacing, edge distances, concrete thickness, anchor embedment, tightening torque, and adherence to the manufacturer's printed installation instructions.

The proof loading program must be established by the registered design professional. As a minimum, the following requirements must be addressed in the proof loading program:

- 1. Frequency of proof loading based on anchor type, diameter, and embedment.
- 2. Proof loads by anchor type, diameter, embedment, and location.
- 3. Acceptable displacements at proof load.
- 4. Remedial action in the event of a failure to achieve proof load, or excessive displacement.

Unless otherwise directed by the registered design professional, proof loads must be applied as confined tension tests. Proof load levels must not exceed the lesser of 67 percent of the load corresponding to the nominal bond strength as calculated from the characteristic bond stress for uncracked concrete modified for edge effects and concrete properties, or 80 percent of the minimum specified anchor element yield strength ($A_{se,N} \cdot f_{ya}$). The proof load must be maintained at the required load level for a minimum of 10 seconds.

4.4.3 Periodic Special Inspection: Periodic special inspection must be performed where required in accordance with Sections 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2021, 2018, 2015 and 2012 IBC, or Table 1704.4 and Section 1704.15 of the 2009 IBC and this report. The special inspector must be on the jobsite initially during anchor installation to verify anchor type, anchor dimensions, concrete type, concrete compressive strength, adhesive identification and expiration date, hole dimensions, hole cleaning procedures, anchor spacing, edge distances, concrete thickness, anchor embedment, tightening torque and adherence to the manufacturer's published installation instructions.

The special inspector must verify the initial installations of each type and size of adhesive anchor by construction personnel on site. Subsequent installations of the same anchor type and size by the same construction personnel are permitted to be performed in the absence of the special inspector. Any change in the anchor product being installed or the personnel performing the installation requires an initial inspection. For ongoing installations over an extended period, the special inspector must make regular inspections to confirm correct handling and installation of the product.

5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchor System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System described in this report is a suitable alternative to what is specified in the codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

- **5.1** fischer FIS EM Plus adhesive anchors and postinstalled reinforcing bars must be installed in accordance with this report and the manufacturer's printed installation instructions included in the adhesive packaging and described in Figure 6 of this report.
- **5.2** The anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars must be installed in cracked or uncracked normal-weight concrete having a specified compressive strength f'_c = 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1].
- **5.3** The values of f'_c used for calculation purposes must not exceed 8,000 psi (55 MPa).
- **5.4** Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars must be installed in concrete base materials in holes predrilled in accordance with the instructions provided in Figure 6 of this report.

- **5.5** Loads applied to the anchors must be adjusted in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC for strength design.
- **5.6** fischer FIS EM Plus adhesive anchors are recognized for use to resist short- and long-term loads, including wind and earthquake loads, subject to the conditions of this report.
- 5.7 In structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F under the IBC or IRC, anchor strength must be adjusted in accordance with Section 4.1.11 of this report.
- **5.8** fischer FIS EM Plus adhesive anchors and postinstalled reinforcing bars are permitted to be installed in concrete that is cracked or that may be expected to crack during the service life of the anchor, subject to the conditions of this report.
- **5.9** Strength design values are established in accordance with Section 4.1 of this report.
- **5.10** Post-installed reinforcing bar development and splice length is established in accordance with Section 4.2 of this report.
- **5.11** Minimum anchor spacing and edge distance, as well as minimum member thickness, must comply with the values given in this report.
- **5.12** Post-installed reinforcing bar spacing, minimum member thickness, and cover distance must be in accordance with the provisions of ACI 318 for cast-in place bars and section 4.2.3 of this report.
- **5.13** Prior to installation, calculations and details demonstrating compliance with this report must be submitted to the code official. The calculations and details must be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.
- 5.14 The fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System are not permitted to support fire-resistive construction. Where not otherwise prohibited by the code, the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System are permitted for installation in fire-resistive construction provided that at least one of the following conditions is fulfilled:
 - Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are used to resist wind or seismic forces only.
 - Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars that support gravity load-bearing structural elements are within a fire-resistive envelope or a fire-resistive membrane, are protected by approved fire-resistive materials, or have been evaluated for resistance to fire exposure in accordance with recognized standards.
 - Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are used to support nonstructural elements.
- **5.15** Since an ICC-ES acceptance criteria for evaluating data to determine the performance of adhesive anchors subjected to fatigue or shock loading is unavailable at this time, the use of these anchors under such conditions is beyond the scope of this report.
- **5.16** Use of zinc-plated carbon steel threaded rods or steel reinforcing bars is limited to dry, interior locations.
- **5.17** Use of hot-dipped galvanized carbon steel and stainless steel rods is permitted for exterior exposure or damp environments.

- **5.18** Steel anchoring materials in contact with preservativetreated and fire-retardant-treated wood must be of zinc-coated carbon steel or stainless steel. The minimum coating weights for zinc-coated steel must comply with ASTM A153.
- **5.19** Special inspection must be provided in accordance with Section 4.4 of this report. Continuous special inspection for anchors installed in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations resist sustained tension loads must be provided in accordance with Section 4.4 of this report.
- **5.20** Installation of anchors in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads shall be performed by personnel certified by an applicable certification program in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.7.2(e), ACI 318-14 17.8.2.2 or 17.8.2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.9.2.2 or D.9.2.3, as applicable.
- 5.21 fischer FIS EM Plus adhesive anchors and postinstalled reinforcing bars may be used to resist tension and shear forces in floor, wall, and overhead installations only if installation is into concrete with a temperature between 23°F and 104°F (-5°C and 40°C) for threaded rods, rebar, and internal threaded anchors. For overhead installations and applications between horizontal and overhead use the appropriate injection adapter and at least three wedges or the fischer overhead clip to the anchor during curing time [the minimum cartridge temperature of 41 °F (5 °C) must be ensured]. Also use an injection adapter for all applications with a drill hole depth h₀ >10 inches (>250 mm) or a drill hole diameter $d_0 \ge 1^{1}/_{2}$ inches (≥40 mm). Use appropriate accessories to capture excess adhesive during installation of the anchor element in order to protect the unbonded portion of the anchor element from adhesive.
- 5.22 Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars shall not be used for installations where the concrete temperature can rise from 40°F (or less) to 80°F (or higher) within a 12-hour period. Such applications may include but are not limited to anchorage of building facade systems and other applications subject to direct sun exposure.
- **5.23** fischer FIS EM Plus adhesive is manufactured by fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG, Denzlingen, Germany, under a quality-control program with inspections by ICC-ES.

6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Post-Installed Adhesive Anchors in Concrete Elements (AC308), dated June 2019 (editorially revised February 2021).

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

- 7.1 The ICC-ES mark of conformity, electronic labeling, or the evaluation report number (ICC-ES ESR-1990) along with the name, registered trademark, or registered logo of the report holder must be included in the product label.
- **7.2** In addition, fischer FIS EM Plus adhesive is identified by packaging labeled with the manufacturer's name (fischerwerke) and address, product name, lot number and expiration date.
- 7.3 fischer internal threaded anchors RG M I are identified by packaging labeled with the manufacturer's name (fischerwerke) and address, product name, and size. fischer threaded rods FIS A and RG M are identified by packaging labeled with the manufacturer's name (fischerwerke) and address, product name, and size. Threaded rods, nuts, washers and deformed reinforcing bars are standard elements and must conform to applicable national or international specifications as set forth in Tables 2, 3, and 4 of this report.
- 7.4 The report holder's contact information is the following:

fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG KLAUS-FISCHER-STRASSE 1 72178 WALDACHTAL GERMANY +49 7443 120 www.fischer-international.com



THREADED ROD / REINFORCING BAR

fischer INTERNAL THREADED ANCHOR

FIGURE 1—GENERAL INSTALLATION PARAMETERS FOR THREADED RODS, REINFORCING BARS AND INTERNAL THREADED ANCHORS



FIGURE 2—GENERAL INSTALLATION PARAMETERS FOR POST-INSTALLED REINFORCING BARS



FIGURE 3—(A) OVERLAP JOINT WITH EXISTING REINFORCEMENT FOR REBAR CONNECTIONS (B) OVERLAP JOINT WITH EXISTING REINFORCEMENT AT A FOUNDATION OF A COLUMN OR WALL



METRIC THREADED RODS

Ø d _a [mm]	Ø d₀ [mm]	h _{ef,min} [mm]	h _{ef,max} [mm]	h _{min} [mm]	T _{inst} [Nm]
M8	10	60	160	100	10
M10	12	60	60 200		20
M12	14	70	240	100	40
M16	18	80	320	116	60
M20	24	90	400	138	120
M24	28	96	480	152	150
M27	30	108	540	162	200
M30	35	120	600	190	300

FRACTIONAL THREADED RODS

Ø d _a [inch]	Ø d₀ [inch]	h _{ef,min} [inch]	h _{ef,max} [inch]	h _{min} [inch]	T _{inst} [ft · lb]
³ / ₈	⁷ / ₁₆	2 ³ / ₈	7 ¹ / ₂	3 ⁵ / ₈	15
¹ / ₂	⁹ / ₁₆	2 ³ / ₄	10	3 ⁵ / ₈	30
⁵ / ₈	³ / ₄	3 ¹ / ₈	12 ¹ / ₂	4 ⁵ / ₈	50
³ / ₄	7/ ₈	3 ¹ / ₂	15	5 ¹ / ₄	90
⁷ / ₈	1	3 ¹ / ₂	17 ¹ / ₂	5 ¹ / ₂	100
1	1 ¹ / ₈	4	20	6 ¹ / ₄	135
1 ¹ / ₈	1 ¹ / ₄	4 ¹ / ₂	22 ¹ / ₂	7	180
1 ¹ / ₄	1 ³ / ₈	5	25	7 ³ / ₄	240

FIGURE 4—INSTALLATION PARAMETERS



COMMON STEEL REINFORCING BARS

Ø d _a [mm]	Ø d₀ [mm]	h _{ef,min} [mm]	h _{ef,max} [mm]	h _{min} [mm]	T _{inst} [Nm]	
10	14	60	200	100	30	
12	16	70	240	102	50	
16	20	80	320	116	110	
20	25	90	400	130	190	
25	30	100	500	150	280	
28	35	112	560	168	350	
32	40	128	640	192	430	

FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BARS

Ø d₄ [inch]	Ø d₀ [inch]	h _{ef,min} [inch]	h _{ef,max} [inch]	h _{min} [inch]	T _{inst} [ft ⋅ lb]
#3	1/2	2 ³/8	7 ¹ / ₂	3 ⁵ / ₈	22
#4	⁵ /8	2 ³/4	10	4	44
#5	¹³ / ₁₆	3 ¹ / ₈	12 ¹ / ₂	4 ¹ / ₈	81
#6	7/ ₈	3 ¹ / ₂	15	5 ¹ / ₄	129
#7	1 ¹ /8	3 ¹ / ₂	17 ¹ / ₂	5 ³ /4	177
#8	1 ¹ / ₄	4	20	6 ¹ / ₂	236
#9	1 ³ / ₈	4 ¹ / ₂	22 ¹ / ₂	7 ¹ / ₄	280
#10	1 ¹ / ₂	5	25	8	332
#11	1 ³ / ₄	5 ¹ / ₂	27 ¹ / ₂	9	332



METRIC fischer INTERNAL THREADED ANCHOR

Ø d _e [mm]	Ø d₀ [mm]	Ø d _a [mm]	h _{ef} [mm]	h _{min} [mm]	T _{inst} [Nm]
M8	14	12	90	120	10
M10	18	16	90	125	20
M12	20	18	125	165	40
M16	24	22	160	205	80
M20	32	28	200	260	120

FRACTIONAL fischer INTERNAL THREADED ANCHOR

Ø d _e [inch]	Ø d₀ [inch]	Ø d _a [inch]	h _{ef} [inch]	h _{min} [inch]	T _{inst} [ft ⋅ lb]
³ / ₈	³ / ₄	⁵ /8	3.54	4.92	15
¹ / ₂	¹³ / ₁₆	¹¹ / ₁₆	4.92	6.50	30
⁵ / ₈	1	7/ ₈	6.30	8.07	59
³ / ₄	1 ¹ / ₄	1 ¹ / ₈	7.87	10.24	89

FIGURE 4—INSTALLATION PARAMETERS (CONTINUED)



FIGURE 5—FLOWCHART FOR THE DETERMINATION OF THE DESIGN BOND STRENGTH

Decimentary att 1		Threaded rod		Deformed reinforcement		Internal threaded anchor	
U	Design strengtn ⁺		Fractional	Metric	Fractional	Metric	Fractional
Steel	N _{sa} , V _{sa}	Table 7	Table 22	Table 12	Table27	Table 17	Table32
Concrete	N _{cb} , N _{cbg} , V _{cb} , V _{cbg} , V _{cp} , V _{cpg}	Table 8	Table 23	Table 13	Table 28	Table 18	Table 33
Bond ²	Na, Nag	Table 9 to 11	Table 24 to 26	Table 14 to 16	Table 29 to 31	Table 19 to 21	Table 34 to 36
Bond reduction factors	Ød, Øws, Øwf, Øuw, Kd, Kws, Kwf	Table 9 to 11	Table 24 to 26	Table 14 to 16	Table 29 to 31	Table 19 to 21	Table 34 to 36

TABLE 1—DESIGN TABLE INDEX

¹Design strengths are as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.3.1.1 or ACI 318-11 D.4.1.1, as applicable.

²See Section 4.1 of this report for bond strength information.

TABLE 2—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON CARBON STEEL THREADED ROD MATERIALS AND FISCHER THREADED RODS FIS A AND RG M^1

THREADED ROD SPECIFICATI								
		Minimum specified ultimate strength (f _{uta})	Minimum specified yield strength 0.2% offset (f _{ya})	f _{uta} lf _{ya}	Elongation, min. (percent) ⁷	Reduction of Area, min. (percent)	Specification for nuts ⁹	
ASTM F568M ³ Class 5.8 (equivalent to ISO 898-1 ² Class 5.8)	MPa (psi)	500 (72,519)	400 (58,015)	1.25	10 ⁸	35	DIN 934 Grade 6 (8-A2K) (Metric) ASTM A563 Grade DH	
ISO 898-1 ² Class 8.8	MPa (psi)	800 (116,030)	640 (92,824)	1.25	12 ⁸	52	DIN 934 Grade 8 (8-A2K)	
ASTM A36 ⁴ and F1554 ⁵ Grade 36	MPa (psi)	400 (58,000)	248 (36,000)	1.61	23	40	ASTM A194 / A563	
ASTM F1554⁵ Grade 55	MPa (psi)	517 (75,000)	380 (55,000)	1.36	23	40	Grade A	
ASTM A193 ⁶ Grade B7 $\leq 2^{1}/_{2}$ in. (\leq 64mm)	MPa (psi)	862 (125,000)	724 (105,000)	1.19	16	50	ASTM A194 / A563	
ASTM F1554 ⁵ Grade 105	MPa (psi)	862 (125,000)	724 (105,000)	1.19	15	45	Grade DH	

¹fischer FIS EM Plus must be used with continuously threaded carbon steel rod (all-thread) that have thread characteristics comparable with ANSI B1.1 UNC Coarse Thread Series or ANSI B1.13M M Profile Metric Thread Series.

²Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs.

³Standard Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Externally Threaded Metric Fasteners.

⁴Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel.

⁵Standard Specification for Anchor Bolts, Steel, 36, 55 and 105ksi Yield Strength.

⁶Standard Specification for Alloy Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting Materials for High Temperature Service.

⁷Based on 2-in. (50 mm) gauge length except ISO 898, which is based on 5d.

⁸≥14 % for fischer FIS A and RG M.

⁹Nuts of other grades and styles having specified proof load stresses greater than the specified grade and style are also suitable. Nuts must have specified proof load stresses equal or greater than the minimum tensile strength of the specific threaded rods.

TABLE 3—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON STAINLESS STEEL THREADED ROD MATERIALS AND FISCHER THREADED RODS FIS A AND RG M¹

THREADED ROD SPECIFICAT	TION						
		Minimum specified ultimate strength (f _{uta})	Minimum specified yield strength 0.2% offset (f _{ya})	f _{uta} /f _{ya}	Elongation, min. (percent)	Reduction of Area, min. (percent)	Specification for nuts ⁶
ISO 3056-1 ² A4-80 and fischer FIS A / RGM Type R and HCR Grade 80 M8-M30	MPa (psi)	800	600 (87.000)	1.34	12 ⁶	_7	ISO 4032
ISO 3506-1 ² A4-70 and fischer FIS A / RGM Type R and HCR Grade 70	MPa	700	450	1.56	16	_7	ISO 4032
M8-M30	(psi)	(101,500)	(65,250)				
ASTM F593 ³ CW1 (316) ¹ / ₄ to ⁵ / ₈ in.	MPa (psi)	689 (100,000)	448 (65,000)	1.54	20	-	ASTM F594
ASTM F593 ³ CW2 (316) ³ / ₄ to 1 ¹ / ₂ in.	MPa (psi)	586 (85,000)	310 (45,000)	1.89	25	-	Alloy group 1, 2, 3
ASTM A193 ⁴ Grad B8/B8M, Class 1	MPa (psi)	517 (75,000)	207 (30,000)	2.50	30	50	ASTM F594
ASTM A193 ⁴ Grad B8/B8M, Class 2B	MPa (psi)	655 (95,000)	517 (75,000)	1.27	25	40	2 or 3

¹fischer FIS EM Plus may be used with continuously threaded stainless steel rod (all-thread) with thread characteristics comparable with ANSI B1.1 UNC Coarse Thread Series or ANSI B1.13M M Profile Metric Thread Series.

²Mechanical properties of corrosion resistant stainless steel fasteners - Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs

³Standard Steel Specification for Stainless Steel Bolts, Hex Cap Screws and Studs.

⁴Standard Specification for Alloy Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting Materials for High Temperature Service.

⁵Based on 2-in. (50 mm) gauge length except ISO 898, which is based on 5d.

⁶≥14 % for fischer FIS A and RG M.

 $^{7}\geq$ 30 % for fischer FIS A and RG M.

⁸Nuts of other grades and styles having specified proof load stresses greater than the specified grade and style are also suitable. Nuts must have specified proof load stresses equal or greater than the minimum tensile strength of the specific threaded rods. Material types of the nuts and washers must be matched to the threaded rods.

TABLE 4—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON STEEL REINFORCING BARS

	N	Minimum specified ultimate strength (f _{uta})	Minimum specified yield strength (f _{ya})
	MPa	540	500
DIN 488 B500B	(psi)	(78,300)	(72,500)
	MPa	414	276
ASTM A015", ASTM A707" GI. 40	(psi)	(60,000)	(40,000)
	MPa	621	414
ASTM A015", ASTM A707" GL 00	(psi)	(90,000)	(60,000)
	MPa	552	414
ASTM A700°, ASTM A707° GI. 00	(psi)	(80,000)	(60,000)

¹Reinforcing steel; reinforcing steel bars; dimensions and masses.

²Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement.

³Standard Specification for Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement.

⁴Billet Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement.

TABLE 5—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF FISCHER INTERNAL THREADED ANCHOR RG M I

fischer INTERNAL THREADED A RG M I SPECIFICATION	NCHOR	Minimum specified ultimate strength (f _{uta})	Minimum specified yield strength (<i>f_{ya}</i>)	f _{uta} /f _{ya}
ASTM F568M ¹ Grade 5.8 ³	MPa	525	420	1.05
ISO 898-1 ² Grade 5.8)	(psi)	(76,150)	(60,900)	1.25
ISO 3506-1 A4-70 ⁴	MPa	700	450	1 56
(fischer RG M I Type R and HCR)	(psi)	(101,550)	(65,250)	06.1

¹Standard Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Externally Threaded Metric Fasteners.

²Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs.

³Minimum Grade 5 bolts, cap screws or studs must be used with carbon steel RG M I internal threaded anchor.

⁴Only stainless steel bolts, cap screws or studs must be used with RG M I Type R and HCR.

TABLE 6—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON BOLTS, CAP SCREWS AND STUDS FOR USE WITH FISCHER INTERNAL THREADED ANCHOR RG M I

BOLT CAP SCREW OR SPECIFICATION	STUD	Minimum specified ultimate strength (f _{uta})	Minimum specified yield strength (f _{ya})	f _{uta} /f _{ya}	Elongation, min. (percent)	Reduction of Area, min. (percent)	Specifications for Nuts ³	
ASTM F568M ¹ Grade 5.8 (equivalent to	MPa	(500)	(400)	1.25	14	30	EN ISO 898-2 Grade 5	
ISO 898-1 ² Grade 5.8)	(psi)	72,500	58,000					
ISO 898-1 Grade 8 8	MPa	(800)	(640)	1 25	14	30	EN ISO 898-2 Grade 8	
	(psi)	116,000	92,800	1.20	14	50		
ISO 3506 1 Grada A4 70	MPa	(700)	(450)	1 56	14	30	EN ISO 3506-2	
130 3300-1 Glade A4-70	(psi)	101,550	65,250	1.50	14		Grade A4-70 ⁴	

¹Standard Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Externally Threaded Metric Fasteners.

²Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs.

³Nuts must have specified minimum proof load stress equal to or greater than the specified minimum full-size tensile strength of the specified stud

⁴Nuts for Stainless steel studs must be of the same Alloy group as the specified bolt, cap screw or stud

	ТАВ	LE 7—STE	EL DESIG	SN INFOR	MATION F	OR METR	IC THREA	DED ROD	1			
	DESIGN	SYMBOL				NOMI	NAL ROD	DIAMETER	R (mm)			
	INFORMATION	STMBOL	UNITS	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30	
В	od Outsido Diamotor	đ	mm	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30	
ĸ	od Outside Diameter	U _a	(in.)	(0.31)	(0.39)	(0.47)	(0.63)	(0.79)	(0.94)	(1.06)	(1.18)	
Pod off	activo cross santianal cros	^	mm²	36.6	58.0	84.3	156.7	244.8	352.5	459.4	560.7	
Rou en		Ase	(in.²)	(0.057)	(0.090)	(0.131)	(0.243)	(0.379)	(0.546)	(0.712)	(0.869)	
		Ν	kN	18.3	29.0	42.2	78.4	122.4	176.3	229.7	280.4	
	Nominal strength	INsa	(lb)	(4,115)	(6,520)	(9,475)	(17,615)	(27,515)	(39,625)	(51,640)	(63,025)	
~ ∞	by steel strength	V	kN	11.0	17.4	25.3	47.0	73.4	105.8	137.8	168.2	
398- le 5.	888- б. 5.		(lb)	(2,470)	(3,910)	(5,685)	(10,570)	(16,510)	(23,775)	(30,985)	(37,815)	
ISO 8 Grad	Reduction for seismic		-			1.0				0.87		
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-				0.65 ³	/ 0.754	•			
	Strength reduction factor ø for shear ²	φ	-				0.60 ³	/ 0.654				
			kN	29.3	46.4	67.4	125.4	195.8	282.0	367.5	448.6	
	Nominal strength	Nsa	(lb)	(6,580)	(10,430)	(15,160)	(28,180)	(44,025)	(63,395)	(82,620)	(100,840)	
as governed by steel strength	N	kN	17.6	27.8	40.5	75.2	117.5	169.2	220.5	269.1		
	Vsa	(lb)	(3,950)	(6,260)	(9,095)	(16,910)	(26,415)	(38,040)	(49,575)	(60,505)		
ISO 8 Grad	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-				0.	90				
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-	0.65 ³ / 0.75 ⁴								
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ					0.60 ³	/ 0.654				
			kN	25.6	40.6	59.0	109.7	171.4	246.8	321.6	392.5	
2	Nominal strength	Nsa	(lb)	(5,760)	(9,125)	(13,265)	(24,660)	(38,525)	(55,470)	(72,295)	(88,235)	
CR CR	by steel strength	N	kN	15.4	24.4	35.4	65.8	102.8	148.1	192.9	235.5	
506- le 70 ss H		V _{sa}	(lb)	(3,455)	(5,475)	(7,960)	(14,795)	(23,115)	(33,285)	(43,375)	(52,940)	
SO 3 Grad tainle	Reduction for seismic shear	α _{V,seis}	-				0.	90				
and si	Strength reduction factor	φ	-				0.65 ³	/ 0.754				
	Strength reduction factor	φ	-				0.60 ³	/ 0.654				
	g for origin		kN	29.3	46.4	67.4	125.4	195.8	282.0	367.5	448.6	
ő	Nominal strength	Nsa	(lb)	(6,580)	(10,430)	(15,160)	(28,180)	(44,025)	(63,395)	(82,620)	(100,840)	
CR 8	as governed bv steel strength		kN	17.6	27.8	40.5	75.2	117.5	169.2	220.5	269.1	
506- e 80 ss H		Vsa	(lb)	(3,950)	(6,260)	(9,095)	(16,910)	(26,415)	(38,040)	(49,575)	(60,505)	
SO 3 Grad ainle	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-				0.	90				
ind st	Strength reduction factor	φ	-				0.65 ³	/ 0.754				
.0	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-				0.60 ³	/ 0.654				

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Values provided for common rod material types are based on specified strength and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-2 and Eq. D-29, as applicable. Nuts and washers must be appropriate for the rod strength and type.

²For use with load combinations, Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a brittle steel element.

³Values correspond to a brittle steel element, applicable for standard threaded rods.

⁴Values correspond to a ductile steel element, applicable for fischer FIS A and RG M threaded rods only.

DES	SIGN	SVMBOL				THREA	DED ROD	DIAMETE	ER (mm)				
INFORM	MATION	STMBOL		8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30		
	Minimum	h	mm	60	60	70	80	90	96	108	120		
Embedment	Minimum	l lef,min	(in.)	(2.36)	(2.36)	(2.76)	(3.15)	(3.54)	(3.78)	(4.25)	(4.72)		
Depth	Maximum	h	mm	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600		
	Waximum	l lef,max	(in.)	(6.30)	(7.87)	(9.45)	(12.60)	(15.75)	(18.90)	(21.26)	(23.62)		
	Uncracked	le le	SI				1	0					
Effectiveness	Concrete		(in.lb)				(2	4)					
Factor	Cracked	k	SI				7	.1					
	Concrete		(in.lb)		(17)								
	Anchor Spacing		mm /	S · = C ·									
	Anchor Spacing	Smin	(in.)		Smin Smin								
Minimum	Edgo Distanco		mm	40	45	55	65	85	105	120	140		
Value	Euge Distance	Cmin	(in.)	(1.57)	(1.77)	(2.17)	(2.56)	(3.35)	(4.13)	(4.72)	(5.51)		
	Mombor Thicknoon	h	mm	h _{ef}	h _{ef} + 30 (≥ 100)				$h \pm 2d^{1}$				
	Weinder Thickness	l Imin	(in.)	(h _e	$h_{ef} + 1.25 [\ge 4]$								
Critical Value	Edge Distance for Splitting Failure	Cac	mm (in.)			See S	ection 4.1.	10 of this	report.				
Strength reduction Tonsion			. ,				0	ee.					
Strength reductionTensionfactor ϕ , concrete		φ	-				0.	00					
failure modes, Condition B ² Shear		φ	-				0.	70					

TABLE 8—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1MPa = 145.0 psi.

 $^{1}d_{0}$ = drill hole diameter

²Values provided for post-installed anchors with category as determined from ACI 355.4 given for Condition B. Condition B applies without supplementary reinforcement or where pullout (bond) or pryout govern, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, while condition A requires supplemental reinforcement. Values are for use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

TABLE 9—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT ^{1, 2}

	DECION IN		7.0.1	L		Threaded Rod Diameter (mm)							
	DESIGN IN	FORMATION		Symbol	Units	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
	Minimum Eml	bodmon	t Dopth	b.	mm	60	60	70	80	90	96	108	120
		beumen	t Depth	l lef,min	(in.)	(2.36)	(2.36)	(2.76)	(3.15)	(3.54)	(3.78)	(4.25)	(4.72)
	Maximum Em	bodmon	t Donth	h.	mm	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
		beumen		T let, max	(in.)	(6.30)	(7.87)	(9.45)	(12.60)	(15.75)	(18.90)	(21.26)	(23.62)
gth	Maximum Sho	ort Term	With Sustained		N/mm²	16.9	16.2	15.7	15.0	14.4	13.9	13.7	13.4
renç rete	(72°C),	- 102 F	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(2450)	(2345)	(2275)	(2170)	(2090)	(2020)	(1985)	(1950)
id St	Maximum Lon	ng Term	Short Term	l	N/mm²	21.1	20.2	19.6	18.7	18.0	17.4	17.1	16.8
Bon ed C	(43°C) ³	3	Loads only⁵	_	(psi)	(3060)	(2930)	(2845)	(2710)	(2610)	(2525)	(2480)	(2435)
istic acke	Maximum Sho	ort Term	With Sustained	ικ,uncr	N/mm²	12.9	12.3	12.0	11.4	11.0	10.6	10.4	10.2
cteri Jncr	(72°C),	- 102 F	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1865)	(1785)	(1735)	(1655)	(1595)	(1540)	(1515)	(1485)
nara in L	Maximum Lon	ig Term = 122°F	Short Term		N/mm²	21.1	20.2	19.6	18.7	18.0	17.4	17.1	16.8
ö	(50°C) ³	3	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(3060)	(2930)	(2845)	(2710)	(2610)	(2525)	(2480)	(2435)
gth	Maximum Sho	ort Term	With Sustained		N/mm²	psi) (3060) (2930) (2845) (2710) (2610) (/mm ² 9.8 9.7 9.4 9.3 9.1						9.0	9.0
rrenç ete	(72°C),	,	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1425)	(1405)	(1370)	(1345)	(1325)	(1310)	(1300)	(1300)
id St	Maximum Lon	ong Term e = 109°F ;) ³	Short Term		N/mm²	12.3	12.1	11.8	11.6	11.4	11.3	11.2	11.2
Bon Co	(43°C) ³		Loads only ⁵	(psi)	(1785)	(1755)	(1710)	(1680)	(1655)	(1640)	(1625)	(1625)	
istic ckec	Maximum Sho	ort Term	t Term With Sustained		N/mm²	7.5	7.4	7.2	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.8
cteri Cra	(72°C),	Loads ⁴			(psi)	(1090)	(1070)	(1045)	(1025)	(1010)	(1000)	(990)	(990)
hara in	Maximum Lon	ig Term = 122°F	Short Term		N/mm²	12.3	12.1	11.8	11.6	11.4	11.3	11.2	11.2
Ö	(50°C) ³	3	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1785)	(1755)	(1710)	(1680)	(1655)	(1640)	(1625)	(1625)
Re	duction Factor	for Seisi	mic Tension	αN,seis	-	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.90	0.89	0.88
	Dry Holes	Contin	uous Inspection	d.	-		0.	65			0.	55	
ctors	in Concrete	Peric	dic Inspection	Ψα	-		0.	65			0.	55	
on Fac ible nditior	Water Saturated	Contin	uous Inspection	4	-	0.55				0.65			
Juctic miss	Holes in Concrete	Peric	dic Inspection	Ψws	-	0.55				0.65			
Red Per	Water-filled Continuous Inspection		,	-				0.	45				
for stall	- 호 플 Holes 고 방 in Concrete Periodic Inspection		φ_{wf}	-				0.	45				
Strei	Underwater Continuous Inspection		,	-				0.	55				
	in Concrete	Peric	dic Inspection	Φuw	-				0.	55			
difi- ion ors	Water-filled	Contin	uous Inspection	I.	-	0.91		0.92		0.89	0.88	0.86	0.83
Moc cati Fact	in Concrete	Peric	dic Inspection	Kwf	-	0.89	0.88	0.85	0.83	0.82	0.78	0.	77

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

TABLE 10—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD
IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT ^{1, 2}

				Cumb al	L lucito		T	hreaded	Rod Dian	neter (mm	ı)	
	DESIGN INF	DESIGN INFORMATION		Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
	Minimum Emb	odmont Do	oth	bei	mm	60	70	80	90	96	108	120
			501	l let,min	(in.)	(2.36)	(2.76)	(3.15)	(3.54)	(3.78)	(4.25)	(4.72)
	Maximum Emb	odmont Do	ath	h .	mm	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
		eument De	pui	l lef,max	(in.)	(7.87)	(9.45)	(12.60)	(15.75)	(18.90)	(21.26)	(23.62)
j th	Maximum Cha	Maximum Short Term			N/mm²	11.3	10.7	9.8	9.2	8.7	8.4	8.1
renç ete	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,635)	(1,555)	(1,425)	(1,335)	(1,265)	(1,220)	(1,170)
d St oncr	Maximum Lon		Short Term		N/mm²	14.1	13.4	12.3	11.5	10.9	10.5	10.1
Bon	Temperature - To	9 F (43 C)	Loads only⁵	_	(psi)	(2,045)	(1,945)	(1,785)	(1,670)	(1,580)	(1,525)	(1,465)
stic acke	Mauimum Cha		With Sustained	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	8.6	8.2	7.5	7.0	6.6	6.4	6.2
cteri	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,245)	(1,185)	(1,090)	(1,015)	(965)	(930)	(895)
iara in L	Maximum Lon		Short Term		N/mm²	14.1	13.4	12.3	11.5	10.9	10.5	10.1
с С	remperature – 12	2 F (30 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(2,045)	(1,945)	(1,785)	(1,670)	(1,580)	(1,525)	(1,465)
lth	Maximum Cha	ut Tarma	With Sustained		N/mm²	6.6	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.6	6.5	6.4
renç	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(950)	(965)	(975)	(985)	(950)	(940)	(930)
d St ncre	Maximum Lon	Maximum Long Term			N/mm²	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.5	8.2	8.1	8.0
Bon	Temperature - To	9 F (43 C)	Loads only⁵	_	(psi)	(1,190)	(1,205)	(1,220)	(1,235)	(1,190)	(1,175)	(1,160)
stic ckec	Maximum Cha	ut Tarma	With Sustained	Tk,cr	N/mm²	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.0	4.9	4.9
cteri Cra	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(725)	(735)	(745)	(750)	(725)	(715)	(710)
in in	Maximum Lon		Short Term		N/mm²	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.5	8.2	8.1	8.0
с С		2 F (30 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1,190)	(1,205)	(1,220)	(1,235)	(1,190)	(1,175)	(1,160)
	Reduction Factor for	or Seismic 1	ension	<i>α</i> N,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.90	0.89	0.88
ទ	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	<i>.</i>	-		0.65			0.55		0.45
acto ons	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Ψα	-		0.65			0.55		0.45
ible indition	Water Saturated	Continuo	us Inspection	<i>d</i>	-				0.65			
uctic Triss Cor	in Concrete	Periodi	Periodic Inspection		-		0.65			0.55		0.45
Red Peri	Water-filled Holes	Continuous Inspection		du.c	-				0.45			
gth for stalla	in Concrete	Periodic Inspection		φωι	-				0.45			
tren Ins	Underwater Installation	Continuous Inspection		<i>.</i>	-	0.	45			0.55		
S	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φuw	-	0.	45			0.55		
difi- tion tors	Water-filled	Continuo	us Inspection	K4	-	0.92	0.95			1.0		n
Mo cai Fac	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	1XWI	-	0.91	0.92	0.95	0.	97	0.95	0.92

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

TABLE 11—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD
IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND HOLLOW DRILL BIT ^{1, 2}

			TION	o	11	Threaded Rod Diameter (mm)						
	DESIGN INI	FURIMA	TION	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
	Minimum Emł	adman	t Donth	h	mm	60	70	80	90	96	108	120
		Jeamen	i Depin	l lef,min	(in.)	(2.36)	(2.76)	(3.15)	(3.54)	(3.78)	(4.25)	(4.72)
		hadman	t Donth	<i>b</i>	mm	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
	Maximum Em	beamen	it Depth	Пef,max	(in.)	(7.87)	(9.45)	(12.60)	(15.75)	(18.90)	(21.26)	(23.62)
lth	Maximum Sho	rt Term	With Sustained		N/mm²	15.6	14.9	13.8	13.1	12.6	12.2	11.9
reng ete	remperature = (72°C),	= 162°F	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(2,265)	(2,160)	(2,005)	(1,905)	(1,820)	(1,775)	(1,730)
d Sti oncr	Maximum Lon	g Term	Short Term		N/mm²	19.5	18.6	17.3	16.4	15.7	15.3	14.9
n O D	(43°C) ³	- 109 F	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(2,830)	(2,700)	(2,510)	(2,380)	(2,275)	(2,220)	(2,160)
stic acke	Maximum Sho	rt Term	Term 62°F With Sustained		N/mm²	11.9	11.3	10.6	10.0	9.6	9.3	9.1
cteri	(72°C),	= 162 F	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,725)	(1,645)	(1,530)	(1,450)	(1,390)	(1,355)	(1,320)
iara(Maximum Lon	g Term	Short Term		N/mm²	19.5	18.6	17.3	16.4	15.7	15.3	14.9
5 C	(50°C) ³	- 122 F	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(2,830)	(2,700)	(2,510)	(2,380)	(2,275)	(2,220)	(2,160)
jth	Maximum Sho	rt Term	With Sustained		N/mm²	9.6	9.4	9.3	9.2	9.1	9.1	9.1
renç	(72°C),	- 102 F	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,390)	(1,370)	(1,345)	(1,335)	(1,325)	(1,325)	(1,325)
d St ncre	Maximum Lon	g Term	Short Term		N/mm²	12.0	11.8	11.6	11.5	11.4	11.4	11.4
Bon I Co	(43°C) ³	- 103 1	Loads only⁵	_	(psi)	(1,740)	(1,710)	(1,680)	(1,670)	(1,655)	(1,655)	(1,655)
stic ckec	Maximum Sho	rt Term	With Sustained	lk,cr	N/mm²	7.3	7.2	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
cteri Cra	(72°C),	- 102 F	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,060)	(1,045)	(1,025)	(1,015)	(1,010)	(1,010)	(1,010)
in	Maximum Lon	g Term	Short Term		N/mm²	12.0	11.8	11.6	11.5	11.4	11.4	11.4
Ċ	(50°C) ³	- 122 I	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1,740)	(1,710)	(1,680)	(1,670)	(1,655)	(1,655)	(1,655)
Re	duction Factor f	for Seisi	nic Tension	<i>α</i> N,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.90	0.89	0.88
actors ons	Dry Holes	Continuous Inspection		,	-			0.65			0.4	55
uction F nissible Conditi	in Concrete	Periodic Inspection		Φd	-			0.65			0.:	55
th Redu for Perr allation	Water Saturated	Contin	uous Inspection	¢	-				0.65			
Streng	Holes in Concrete Periodic Inspection		Ψws	-				0.65				

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f'_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f'_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f'_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

	17(822)									
	DESIGN	Symbol	Unite				Rebar size	1		
	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	25	28	32
	Nominal has diameter	d	mm	10	12	16	20	25	28	32
		0a	(in.)	(0.39)	(0.47)	(0.63)	(0.79)	(0.98)	(1.10)	(1.26)
В	ar offective erece eastional erec	4	mm²	78.5	113.0	201.0	314.0	491.0	616.0	804.0
D	ar enective cross-sectional area	Ase	(in.²)	(0.122)	(0.175)	(0.312)	(0.487)	(0.761)	(0.955)	(1.246)
		Nsa	kN	42.4	61.0	108.5	169.6	265.1	332.6	434.2
	Nominal strength		(lb)	(9,530)	(13,720)	(24,400)	(38,120)	(59,605)	(74,780)	(97,605)
00B	by steel strength	V	kN	25.4	36.6	65.1	101.7	159.1	199.6	260.5
8 B5		V sa	(lb)	(5,720)	(8,230)	(14,640)	(22,870)	(35,765)	(44,870)	(58,560)
N 48	Reduction for seismic shear	αV,seis	-				1.0			
Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²		φ	-				0.65			
Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²		φ	-				0.60			

TABLE 12-STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC REINFORCING BAR¹

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1MPa = 150.0 psi.

¹Values provided for common reinforcing bar based on specified strength and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-2 and Eq. D-29, as applicable.

²For use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a brittle steel element.

DE	SIGN	Rebar Size								
INFOR	MATION	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	25	28	32
	Minimaum	h	mm	60	70	80	90	100	112	128
Embedment	Minimum	l lef,min	(in.)	(2.36)	(2.76)	(3.15)	(3.54)	(3.94)	(4.41)	(5.04)
Depth	Maximum	h	mm	200	240	320	400	500	560	640
	waximum	Hef,max	(in.)	(7.87)	(9.45)	(12.60)	(15.75)	(19.69)	(22.05)	(25.20)
	Uncracked	le .	SI				10			
Effectiveness	Concrete	Kc,uncr	(in.lb)				(24)			
Factor	Cracked	l.	SI				7.1			
	Concrete	Kc,cr	(in.lb)				(17)			
	Anchor Spacing	Smin	mm (in.)				$s_{min} = c_{min}$			
	Edgo Distanco	C 1	mm	45	55	65	85	110	130	160
Minimum	Euge Distance	Cmin	(in.)	(1.77)	(2.17)	(2.56)	(3.35)	(4.33)	(5.12)	(6.30)
Value	Member Thickness	h _{min}	mm	h _{ef} + 30 (≥ 100)			h _{ef} +	2d ₀ ¹		
			(in.)	(n _{ef} + 1.25 [≥ 4])						
Critical Value	Edge Distance for Splitting Failure	Cac	mm (in.)			See Sectio	n 4.1.10 of 1	this report.		
Strength reduction factor	Tension	φ	-				0.65			
<i>φ</i> , concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	Shear	φ	-				0.70			

TABLE 13—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC REINFORCING BAR

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹d_o = drill hole diameter

²Values provided for post-installed anchors with category as determined from ACI 355.4 given for Condition B. Condition B applies without supplementary reinforcement or where pullout (bond) or pryout govern, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, while condition A requires supplemental reinforcement. Values are for use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

TABLE 14—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC REINFORCING BAR
IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT ^{1, 2}

				Symbol	Unito			F	Rebar Siz	ar Size2025283:9010011212 $.54$) (3.94) (4.41) (5.0) 100 50056064 5.75) (19.69) (22.05) (25) 9.8 9.5 9.4 9 415) $(1,380)$ $(1,360)$ $(1,360)$ 2.2 11.9 11.7 11.7 770) $(1,725)$ $(1,695)$ $(1,66)$ 2.2 11.9 11.7 11.7 770) $(1,725)$ $(1,695)$ $(1,66)$ 2.2 11.9 11.7 11.7 770) $(1,725)$ $(1,695)$ $(1,66)$ 7.3 7.4 7.4 7.4 7.3 7.4 7.4 7.4 055) $(1,065)$ $(1,065)$ $(1,065)$ 0.1 9.2 9.2 9.2 320) $(1,335)$ $(1,335)$ $(1,335)$ 5.6 5.6 5.6 5.6		
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	4	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	25	28	32
	Minimum Emb	odmont Dor	xtb	b.	mm	60	70	80	90	100	112	128
		eument Dep	501	l let,min	(in.)	(2.36)	(2.76)	(3.15)	(3.54)	(3.94)	(4.41)	(5.04)
	Movimum Emb	odmont Do	ath	b.	mm	200	240	320	400	500	560	640
			Jui	l lef,max	(in.)	(7.87)	(9.45)	(12.60)	(15.75)	(19.69)	(22.05)	(25.20)
j th	Maximum Cha	art Tarm	With Sustained		N/mm²	10.7	10.5	10.1	9.8	9.5	9.4	9.3
renç ete	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,555)	(1,520)	(1,460)	(1,415)	(1,380)	(1,360)	(1,345)
d St oncr	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	13.4	13.1	12.6	12.2	11.9	11.7	11.6
Bon ed C		59 F (45 C)	Loads only⁵	_	(psi)	(1,945)	(1,900)	(1,825)	(1,770)	(1,725)	(1,695)	(1,680)
stic acke	Maximum Cha	art Tarm	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	8.2	8.0	7.7	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.1
cteri	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,185)	(1,160)	(1,115)	(1,080)	(1,055)	(1,035)	(1,025)
in L	Maximum Lor		Short Term		N/mm²	13.4	13.1	12.6	12.2	11.9	11.7	11.6
Ċ		2 F (30 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1,945)	(1,900)	(1,825)	(1,770)	(1,725)	(1,695)	(1,680)
j th	5 Maximum Short Term	With Sustained	i	N/mm²	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.4	
Strength rete	Temperature = 162°F (72°C)		Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,045)	(1,045)	(1,055)	(1,055)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,080)
d St ncre	Maximum Lor	ong Term .09°F (43°C) ³	Short Term		N/mm²	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.1	9.2	28 112 112 560 9 22.05) 9.4 9.1 1.360) 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.1.335) 1.1.335) 1.1.335) 1.1.335) 1.1.335) 1.1.335)	9.3
Temperature = 109°I	19 F (43 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1,305)	(1,305)	(1,320)	(1,320)	(1,335)	(1,335)	(1,350)	
stic ckec			With Sustained	lk,cr	N/mm²	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.7
cteri Cra	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(795)	(795)	(805)	(805)	(815)	(815)	(825)
in	Maximum Lor		Short Term		N/mm²	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.1	9.2	9.2	9.3
с С	Temperature – 12	2 F (50 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1,305)	(1,305)	(1,320)	(1,320)	(1,335)	(1,335)	(1,350)
F	Reduction Factor for	or Seismic T	ension	<i>α</i> N,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.90	0.88	0.87
S	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	4.	-		0.65			0.	55	
acto ons	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φa	-		0.65			0.	55	
ible iditio	Water Saturated	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-				0.65			
uctic Niss Cor	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φws	-				0.65			
Red Ferr tion	Water-filled	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-				0.45			
gth F for talla	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φ_{wf}	-				0.45			
trenç	Underwater	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-	0.55						
ن	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φ_{uw}	-				0.55			
difi- ion tors	Water-filled	Continuo	us Inspection	<i>V</i> .	-		0.92		0.89	0.88	0.86	0.86
Mo cat Fac	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Kwf	-	0.88	0.85	0.83	0.82	0.78	0.	77

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of ($f_c / 2,500$)^{0.1} [for SI: ($f_c / 17.2$)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report. ²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D

section D.3.6 as applicable. ³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete

temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

TABLE 15—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC REINFORCING BAR
IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT ^{1, 2}

				Ourseland	L lucito			F	Rebar Siz	ar Size 20 25 28 32 90 100 112 12 3.54) (3.94) (4.41) (5.0 400 500 560 64 5.75) (19.69) (22.05) (25. 6.9 6.8 6.7 6. ,000) (985) (975) (97 8.6 8.5 8.4 8. ,245) (1,235) (1,220) (1,2 5.2 5.2 5.1 5. 760) (750) (745) (74 8.6 8.5 8.4 8. ,245) (1,235) (1,220) (1,2 4.5 4.5 4.6 4. 550) (650) (660) (66 5.6 5.6 5.7 5. 310) (810) (825) (82 3.4 3.4 3.5 3. 3.		
	DESIGN INF	URIVIATION		Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	25	28	32
	Minimum Emb	admant Dar	xth	h	mm	60	70	80	90	100	112	128
		editient Dep	501	l let,min	(in.)	(2.36)	(2.76)	(3.15)	(3.54)	(3.94)	(4.41)	(5.04)
	Maximum Emb	odmont Do	oth	h.	mm	200	240	320	400	500	560	640
			Jui	l lef,max	(in.)	(7.87)	(9.45)	(12.60)	(15.75)	(19.69)	(22.05)	(25.20)
j th	Maximum Cha	nt Tarma	With Sustained		N/mm²	7.1	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.7
renç ete	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,035)	(1,020)	(1,010)	(1,000)	(985)	(975)	(975)
d St oncr	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	8.9	8.8	8.7	8.6	8.5	8.4	8.4
Bon ed C	remperature - 10	91 (43 0)	Loads only⁵	_	(psi)	(1,290)	(1,275)	(1,260)	(1,245)	(1,235)	(1,220)	(1,220)
stic acke	Maximum Cha	nt Tarma	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1
cteri	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(785)	(780)	(770)	(760)	(750)	(745)	(745)
lara in L	Maximum Lor		Short Term		N/mm²	8.9	8.8	8.7	8.6	8.5	8.4	8.4
5 C	Temperature – 12	2 F (50 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1,290)	(1,275)	(1,260)	(1,245)	(1,235)	(1,220)	(1,220)
j th	Maximum Short Term	With Sustained		N/mm²	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.6	
renç	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(590)	(625)	(650)	(650)	(650)	8.4 8) (1,220) (1,2 5.1 5 (745) (74 8.4 8) (1,220) (1,2 4.6 4 (660) (66 5.7 5 (825) (82 3.5 3 (505) (50 5.7 5 (825) (82 0.88 0. 0.55	(660)
d St ncre	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	5.1	5.4	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.7
Bon		9 F (43 C)	Loads only⁵	_	(psi)	(740)	(785)	(810)	(810)	(810)	28 112 (4.41) 560 (22.05) 6.7 (975) 8.4 (1,220) 5.1 (745) 8.4 (1,220) 4.6 (660) 5.7 (825) 3.5 (505) 5.7 (825) 0.88 0.55 0.55 0.55	(825)
stic ckec	Mauimum Cha		With Sustained	lk,cr	N/mm²	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5
cteri Cra	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(450)	(480)	(495)	(495)	(495)	(505)	(505)
in in	Maximum Lor		Short Term		N/mm²	5.1	5.4	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.7
Ċ		2 F (30 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(740)	(785)	(810)	(810)	(810)	(825)	(825)
I	Reduction Factor for	or Seismic T	ension	<i>α</i> N,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.90	0.88	0.87
S	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	<i>.</i>	-		0.65			0.	55	
acto ons	in Concrete	Periodio	c Inspection	Ψα	-		0.65			0.	55	
ible iditio	Water Saturated	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-				0.65			
niss	in Concrete	Periodio	c Inspection	φws	-		0.65			0.	55	
Red Perr	Water-filled	Continuo	us Inspection	<i>.</i>	-				0.45			
gth I for italla	in Concrete	Periodio	c Inspection	Ψwt	-				0.45			
tren	Underwater Installation	Continuo	us Inspection	¢	-	0.45 0.55						
Ś	in Concrete	Periodio	c Inspection	φων - 0.45 0.55								
difi- tion tors	Water-filled	Continuo	us Inspection	K	-	0.92	0.95			1.0		
Mo cat Fac	in Concrete	Periodio	c Inspection	N Wł	-	0.91	0.92	0.95	0.	97	0.	95

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

TABLE 16—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC REINFORCING BA	R
IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND HOLLOW DRILL BIT ^{1, 2}	

DESIGN INFORMATION			Quanta	Unite			Reba	r Size			
	DESIGN INF	URMATIO	N	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	25	28
	Minimum Emb	admont Day	ath	b	mm	60	70	80	90	100	112
			Jui	l lef,min	(in.)	(2.36)	(2.76)	(3.15)	(3.54)	(3.94)	(4.41)
		admont Do	nth	h	mm	200	240	320	400	500	560
		eament De	pm	l lef,max	(in.)	(7.87)	(9.45)	(12.60)	(15.75)	(19.69)	(22.05)
lth	Mauinaum Cha		With Sustained		N/mm²	7.7	7.8	7.9	8.2	8.3	8.4
renç ete	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,115)	(1,135)	(1,150)	(1,185)	(1,205)	(1,220)
d St oncr	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	9.6	9.8	9.9	10.2	10.4	10.5
Bon ed C		19 F (43 C)	Loads only⁵	_	(psi)	(1,390)	(1,420)	(1,435)	(1,480)	(1,510)	(1,525)
stic acke	Movingum Cha	rt Tarm	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.4
cteri	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(850)	(865)	(875)	(900)	(920)	(930)
iara(in L	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	9.6	9.8	9.9	10.2	10.4	10.5
5 C		2 F (50 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1,390)	(1,420)	(1,435)	(1,480)	(1,510)	(1,525)
lth	Movingum Cho	rt Tarm	With Sustained		N/mm²	5.0	5.1	5.4	5.8	6.1	6.3
renç	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴	-	(psi)	(720)	(745)	(790)	(835)	(880)	(915)
d St ncre	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	6.2	6.4	6.8	7.2	7.6	7.9
Bon		19 F (43 C)	Loads only⁵	_	(psi)	(900)	(930)	(985)	(1,045)	(1,100)	(1,145)
stic ckec	Movingum Cha	rt Tarm	With Sustained	Tk,cr	N/mm²	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.4	4.6	4.8
cteri Cra	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(550)	(565)	(600)	(635)	(670)	(700)
in in	Maximum Lor		Short Term		N/mm²	6.2	6.4	6.8	7.2	7.6	7.9
Ċ		.2 F (30 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(900)	(930)	(985)	(1,045)	(1,100)	(1,145)
	Reduction Factor for	or Seismic 1	Fension	αN,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.90	0.88
actors	Dry Holes	Continuc	us Inspection	4.	-			0.65			0.55
uction F nissible Conditi	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φd	-			0.65			0.55
Ith Redu for Perr allation	Water Saturated	Continuc	us Inspection		-			0.	65		
Streng	Holes in Concrete Periodic Inspection		Φws	-			0.	65			

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

	DESIGN	SYMBOL			Ancho	or Metrical Threa	ad Size			
	INFORMATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20		
N		-1	mm	8	10	12	16	20		
INO	minal Anchor Diameter	<i>a</i> _e	(in.)	(0.31)	(0.39)	(0.47)	(0.63)	(0.79)		
	uter Ancher Diemeter	d	mm	12.3	16.0	18.3	22.3	28.3		
	uter Anchor Diameter	Ua	(in.)	(0.48)	(0.63)	(0.72)	(0.88)	(1.11)		
Anchory	offective cross eactional cross	Δ	mm²	73.5	137.6	160.4	205.5	339.9		
Anchore	enective cross-sectional area	Ase	(in.²)	(0.114)	(0.213)	(0.249)	(0.319)	(0.527)		
8.0		N	kN	18.3	29.0	42.2	78.4	122.4		
ade (de 5.	Nominal strength	TVsa	(lb)	(4,115)	(6,520)	(9,475)	(17,615)	(27,515)		
Gra	by steel strength	V	kN	11.0	17.4	25.3	47.0	73.4		
/ith 8-1 (v _{sa}	(lb)	(2,470)	(3,910)	(5,685)	(10,570)	(16,510)		
8 O 8 0 89	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-	-						
hor IS It: ISC	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-	0.65						
Anc Bo	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	ϕ	-			0.60				
8.8	ý isi snoal	N	kN	29.3	46.4	67.4	107.9	178.4		
ade a le 8.	Nominal strength	IVsa	(lb)	(6,580)	(10,430)	(15,160)	(24,255)	(40,115)		
l Gra Grac	by steel strength	V	kN	17.6	27.8	40.5	75.2	117.5		
98-` 98-1		v _{sa}	(lb)	(3,950)	(6,260)	(9,095)	(16,910)	(26,415)		
8 O 8 0 89	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-	-	0.	90		-		
It: ISC	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-			0.65				
Anch Bo	Strength reduction factor	φ	-			0.60				
			kN	25.6	40.6	59.0	109.7	171.4		
02.0	Nominal strength	INsa	(lb)	(5,760)	(9,125)	(13,265)	(24,660)	(38,525)		
olt ade de 7	as governed by steel strength		kN	15.4	24.4	35.4	65.8	102.8		
Gra Gra		V _{sa}	(lb)	(3,455)	(5,475)	(7,960)	(14,795)	(23,115)		
nchc 506- 1CR	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-	-		0.	90	•		
Ai SO 3! and F	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	ϕ	-			0.65	0.65			
_	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	ϕ	-			0.60				

TABLE 17—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (METRIC) ANCHOR¹

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Values provided for fischer RG M I based on specified strength and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-2 and Eq. D-29, as applicable. Nuts and washers must be appropriated for the rod strength and type.

²For use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a brittle steel element.

TABLE 18—	-CONCRETE BREAI			IATION FOR F	RG M I INTERN	AL THREADED	(METRIC) AN	CHOR			
DES	IGN	SYMBOL			Ancho	r Metrical Thre	ad Size				
INFORM	IATION	STIVIDUL	UNITS	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20			
Embodie	ant danth	h	mm	90	90	125	160	200			
Embedine		Hef	(in.)	(3.54)	(3.54)	(4.92)	(6.30)	(7.87)			
	Uncracked	k	SI	10							
Effectiveness	Concrete	Kc,uncr	(in.lb)	(24)							
Factor	Cracked Concrete	K _{c,cr}	SI			7.1					
	Clacked Coliciete		(in.lb)	(17)							
	Anchor spacing	Smin	mm (in.)	$s_{min} = c_{min}$							
Minimun	Edua Distance		mm	55	65	75	95	125			
Value	Edge Distance	Cmin	(in.)	(2.17)	(2.56)	(2.95)	(3.74)	(4.92)			
	Mombor Thicknoop	h	mm	120	125	165	205	260			
	Member mickness	l Imin	(in.)	(4.72)	(4.92)	(6.50)	(8.07)	(10.24)			
Critical Value	Edge Distance for Splitting Failure	Cac	mm (in.)		See Sec	tion 4.1.10 of th	nis report				
Strength reduction factor f, concrete	Tension	ϕ	-			0.65					
failure modes, Condition B ¹	Shear	φ	-			0.70					

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Values provided for post-installed anchors with category as determined from ACI 355.4 given for Condition B. Condition B applies without supplementary reinforcement or where pullout (bond) or pryout govern, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, while condition A requires supplemental reinforcement. Values are for use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

TABLE 19—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (METRIC) ANCHOR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT ^{1, 2}

			Quanda al	Unite		Anchor Me	trical Thread	Size (mm)		
	DESIGN INF	ORMATIO	N	Symbol	Units	8	10	12	16	20
	Ever hardware			h	mm	90	90	125	160	200
	Empedine	ent Depth		l lef	(in.)	(3.54)	(3.54)	(4.92)	hread Size (mm) 2 16 20 5 160 200 2) (6.30) (7.87 6 14.1 13.5 25) (2,040) (1,96) 3 17.6 16.9 55) (2,555) (2,45) 2 10.7 10.3 20) (1,555) (1,49) 3 17.6 16.9 55) (2,555) (2,45) 2 10.7 10.3 20) (1,555) (1,49) 3 17.6 16.9 55) (2,555) (2,45) 1 9.0 9.0 25) (1,310) (1,300) 4 11.3 11.2 35) (1,640) (1,62) 3 0.91 0.88 0.55 0.55 5 5 0.55 5	(7.87)
ţ	Mariana	4 T	With Sustained		N/mm²	15.6	15.0	14.6	14.1	13.5
reng ete	Temperature = 16	ort Term 52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(2,265)	(2,170)	(2,125)	(2,040)	(1,960)
d St oncr	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	19.5	18.7	18.3	17.6	16.9
Bon		19 F (43 C)	Loads only ⁵	_	(psi)	(2,830)	(2,710)	(2,655)	(2,555)	(2,450)
stic acke	Maximum Cha	rt Tarma	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	11.9	11.4	11.2	10.7	10.3
cteri	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,725)	(1,725) (1,655) (1,620	(1,620)	(1,555)	(1,495)
iara(in U	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term	nort Term ads only⁵	N/mm²	19.5	18.7	18.3	17.6	16.9
ç		2 F (30 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(2,830)	(2,710)	(2,655)	(2,555)	(2,450)
j th	Movimum Cha	rt Tarma	With Sustained		N/mm²	9.5	9.3	9.1	9.0	9.0
renç	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,380)	(1,345)	(1,325)	(1,310)	(1,300)
d St ncre	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	11.9	11.6	11.4	11.3	11.2
Bon		19 T (45 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1,725)	(1,680)	(1,655)	(1,640)	(1,625)
stic ckec	Maximum Cha	rt Tarma	With Sustained	Tk,cr	N/mm²	7.3	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.8
cteri Cra	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,055)	(1,025)	(1,010)	(1,000)	(990)
iara in	Maximum Lor		Short Term		N/mm²	11.9	11.6	11.4	11.3	11.2
ç		2 F (30 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1,725)	(1,680)	(1,655)	(1,640)	(1,625)
I	Reduction Factor for	or Seismic 1	ension	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	-	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.88
IS	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	4.	-	0.	65		0.55	
acto ons	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φα	-	0.	65		0.55	
ible ible	Water Saturated	Continuo	us Inspection	<i>.</i>	-			0.65		
uctic Niss Cor	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φws	-			0.65		
Red Ferr	Water-filled	Continuo	us Inspection		-			0.45		
gth F for talla	in Concrete Periodic Inspection		c Inspection	ψwf	-			0.45		
trene	Underwater Continuous Inspect		us Inspection	4	-			0.55		
٥ ٥	in Concrete	Periodic Inspection		Φuw	-			0.55		
difi- ion tors	Water-filled	Continuo	us Inspection	<i>V</i> .	-	0.	92	0.91	0.89	0.85
Mo cat Fac	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	- K _{wf}	-	0.86	0.83	0.82	0.80	0.77

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of ($f_c / 2,500$)^{0.1} [for SI: ($f_c / 17.2$)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

TABLE 20—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (METRIC) ANCHORIN HOLES DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT 1, 2

		AI.	Symbol	Unito		Anchor Met	ic Thread Dia	IDiameter (mm) 16 20 160 200 (6.30) (7.87 8.9 8.2) (1,290) (1,194 11.1 10.3) (1,610) (1,499 6.8 6.3) (980) (910 11.1 10.3) (1,610) (1,499 6.6 6.5) (980) (910 11.1 10.3) (1,610) (1,499 6.6 6.5) (965) (940 8.3 8.1) (1,205) (1,179 5.1 4.9 (735) (715 8.3 8.1) (1,205) (1,179 0.91 0.88 0.55 0.455 0.55 0.455 0.55 0.455 0.55 0.455		
	DESIGN INF	URMATIO	N	Symbol	Units	8	10	12	16	20
	Embodie	ant Danth		6	mm	90	90	125	160	200
	Empedine	ent Depth		l lef	(in.)	(3.54)	(3.54)	(4.92)	(6.30)	(7.87)
ţ	Mariana		With Sustained		N/mm²	10.6	9.8	9.4	8.9	8.2
reng ete	Temperature = 16	ort Term 52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,545)	(1,425)	(1,370)	(1,290)	(1,195)
d St	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	13.3	12.3	11.8	11.1	10.3
g C Bon	remperature – 10	19 F (43 C)	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(1,930)	(1,785)	(1,710)	(1,610)	(1,495)
stic acke	Mauinaum Cha		With Sustained	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	8.1	7.5	7.2	6.8	6.3
cteri	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,175)	(1,090)	(1,045)	(980)	(910)
iarac in U	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm ² 13.3	13.3	12.3	11.8	11.1	10.3
5		2 F (50 C)	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(1,930)	(1,785)	(1,710)	(1,610)	(1,495)
jth	Mauimum Cha		With Sustained		N/mm²	6.6	6.7	6.9	6.6	6.5
renç	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(965)	(975)	(1,000)	(965)	(940)
d St ncre	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	8.3	8.4	8.6	8.3	8.1
Bon		19 F (43 C)	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(1,205)	(1,220)	(1,245)	(1,205)	(1,175)
stic cked	Mariana		With Sustained	Tk,cr	N/mm²	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.1	4.9
crae	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(735)	(745)	(760)	(735)	(715)
iara(in	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	8.3	8.4	8.6	8.3	8.1
ъ	Temperature – 12	2 F (50 C)	Loads only ⁵		(psi)	(1,205)	(1,220)	(1,245)	(1,205)	(1,175)
l	Reduction Factor fo	or Seismic T	Tension	α _{N,seis}	-	-	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.88
S	Dry Holes	Continuc	ous Inspection	4	-		0.65		0.55	0.45
acto	in Concrete	Periodi	Periodic Inspection		-		0.65		0.55	0.45
n Fa ible iditio	Water Saturated	Continuc	ous Inspection	4	-			0.65		
uctic niss Cor	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Øws	-		0.65		0.55	0.45
Red(Perr tion	Water-filled	Continuc	ous Inspection		-			0.45		
gth F for I talla	in Concrete Periodic Inspection		Øwf	-			0.45			
renç	Underwater Continuous Inspection		ous Inspection	,	-	0.45		0.	55	
S	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Φuw	-	0.45		0.	55	
difi- ion tors	Water-filled	Continuc	ous Inspection	V	-	0.95		1	.0	
Moc cati Fact	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Kwf	-	0.94	0.95	0.95 0.97 0.9		

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of ($f_c / 2,500$)^{0.1} [for SI: ($f_c / 17.2$)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

TABLE 21—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (METRIC) ANCHOR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND HOLLOW DRILL BIT ^{1, 2}

DESIGN INFORMATION		Querrahad	Unite	Anchor Metrical Thread Size (mm)						
	DESIGN INF	ORMATIO	N	Symbol	Units	8	10	12	16	20
	Embodm	ant Danth		h	mm	90	90	125	160	200
	Empedine	ent Depth		l lef	(in.)	(3.54)	(3.54)	Metrical Thread Size (mn 12 16 125 160 (4.92) (6.30) 13.4 12.8 (1,950) (1,855) 16.8 16.0 (2,435) (2,320) 10.2 9.8 (1,485) (1,415) 16.8 16.0 (2,435) (2,320) 8.9 8.8 (1,290) (1,275) 11.1 11.0 (1,610) (1,595) 6.8 6.7 (980) (975) 11.1 11.0 (1,610) (1,595) 0.93 0.91 0.65 0.93	(6.30)	(7.87)
jth	Mauinaum Cha		With Sustained		N/mm²	14.8	13.8	13.4	12.8	12.1
reng ete	Temperature = 16	ort Term 52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(2,145)	(2,005)	(1,950)	d Size (mm) 16 160 (6.30) 12.8 (1,855) 16.0 (2,320) 9.8 (1,415) 16.0 (2,320) 8.8 (1,275) 11.0 (1,595) 6.7 (975) 11.0 (1,595) 0.91	(1,750)
d St oncr	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	18.5	17.3	16.8	16.0	15.1
g C Bon		19 F (43 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(2,685)	(2,510)	(2,435)	(2,320)	(2,190)
stic acke	Mauringung Cha		With Sustained	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	11.3	10.6	10.2	9.8	9.2
cteri	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,635)	(1,530)	(1,485)	(1,415)	(1,335)
in U	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	18.5	17.3	16.8	16.0	15.1
ъ	Temperature – 12	2 F (50 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(2,685)	(2,510)	(2,435)	(2,320)	(2,190)
ţ	Mariana		With Sustained		N/mm²	9.1	9.0	8.9	8.8	8.8
reng	Temperature = 16	ort Term 52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,325)	(1,310)	(1,290)	(1,275)	(1,275)
d St ncre	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		N/mm²	11.4	11.3	11.1	11.0	11.0
Bon		19 F (43 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1,655)	(1,640)	(1,610)	(1,595)	(1,595)
stic cked	Mauringung Cha		With Sustained	Tk,cr	N/mm²	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.7
cteri Cra	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(psi)	(1,010)	(1,000)	(980)	(975)	(975)
iara in	Maximum Lor		Short Term		N/mm²	11.4	11.3	11.1	11.0	11.0
Ċ		.2 F (30 C)	Loads only⁵		(psi)	(1,655)	(1,640)	(1,610)	(1,595)	(1,595)
	Reduction Factor for	or Seismic T	ension	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	-	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.88
actors	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	<i>d</i> .	-		0.	65		0.55
uction F nissible Conditi	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φa	-		0.	65		0.55
th Redu for Perr allation	Water Saturated	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-			0.65		
Streng	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Øws	-			0.65		

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

	DESIGN					Nor	ninal rod o	diameter (i	nch)				
	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	³ / ₈	¹ / ₂	⁵ /8	³ / ₄	7/ ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	1 ¹ / ₄		
	Pad Outsida Diamatar	d	in.	³ / ₈	¹ / ₂	⁵ /8	³ / ₄	7/ ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	1 ¹ / ₄		
		Ua	(mm)	(9.5)	(12.7)	(15.9)	(19.1)	(22.2)	(25.4)	(28.6)	(31.8)		
Rod eff	fective cross-sectional area	A	ln.²	0.0775	0.1418	0.2260	0.3345	0.4617	0.6057	0.7626	0.9691		
Nou en		Ase	(mm²)	(50.0)	(91.5)	(145.8)	(215.8)	(297.9)	(390.8)	(492.0)	(625.2)		
~		Nee	lb	5,620	10,285	16,390	24,255	33,485	43,930	55,305	70,275		
e 5.8 5.8	Nominal strength as governed	1 134	(kN)	(25.0)	(45.8)	(72.9)	(107.9)	(149.0)	(195.4)	(246.0)	(312.6)		
brade ade	by steel strength	Vsa	lb	3,370	6,170	9,835	14,555	20,090	26,355	33,180	42,165		
Ng 1 G 1 G 1		• 30	(kN)	(15.0)	(27.5)	(43.7)	(64.7)) (89.4) (117.2) (147.6) (18					
-568 398-	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-	0.74 0.60									
ISO 8	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	ϕ	-				0.	.65					
AS	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-	0.60									
	,		lb	4,495	8,230	13,110	19,405	26,790	35,140	44,240	56,220		
36 /	Nominal strength	INsa	(kN)	(20.0)	(36.6)	(58.3)	(86.3)	(119.2)	(156.3)	(196.8)	(250.1)		
ade (le 36	by steel strength	V	lb	2,700	4,935	7,865	11,645	16,075	21,085	26,545	33,730		
6 Grac		V sa	(kN)	(12.0)	(22.0)	(35.0)	(51.8)	(71.5)	(93.8)	(118.1)	(150.0)		
1 A36 554 G	Reduction for seismic shear	∕∕V,seis	-		0	,74			0.	60			
ASTN F1(Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ³	ϕ	-				0.	.75					
1	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ³	φ	-		0.65								
		N	lb	5,810	10,635	16,945	25,080	34,625	45,420	57,185	72,665		
10	Nominal strength	IVsa	(kN)	(25.9)	(47.3)	(75.4)	(111.6)	(154.0)	(202.0)	(254.4)	(323.2)		
le 55	by steel strength	V	lb	3,485	6,380	10,165	15,050	20,775	27,255	34,310	43,600		
Grac		V sa	(kN)	(15.5)	(28.4)	(45.2)	(66.9)	(92.4)	(121.2)	(152.6)	(193.9)		
554 (Reduction for seismic shear	∕∕V,seis	-		0	.74			0.	60			
F1(Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ³	ϕ	-				0.	.75					
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ³	φ	-				0.	.65					
	,		lb	9,665	17,690	28,190	41,720	57,595	75,555	95,120	120,875		
105	Nominal strength	INsa	(kN)	(43.0)	(78.7)	(125.4)	(185.6)	(256.2)	(336.1)	(423.1)	(537.7)		
3 B7 rade	by steel strength	V	lb	5,800	10,615	16,915	25,035	34,555	45,335	57,075	72,525		
A19: 54 G		Vsa	(kN)	(25.8)	(47.2)	(75.2)	(111.4)	(153.7)	(201.7)	(253.9)	(322.6)		
TM . F155	Reduction for seismic shear	∕∕V,seis	-		0	.74			0.	60			
AS STM	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-	- 0.65									
Ř	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-				0.	.60					

TABLE 22—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD¹

	DESIGN	Symbol	Unite			Non	ninal rod d	iameter (in	nch)				
	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	³ / ₈	¹ / ₂	⁵ /8	³ / ₄	7/ ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	1 ¹ / ₄		
M			lb	7,360	13,475	21,470	31,775	43,865	57,545	72,445	92,060		
ss ss	Nominal strength	IN _{sa}	(kN)	(32.8)	(59.9)	(95.5)	(141.3)	(195.1)	(256.0)	(322.3)	(409.5)		
e B8 iinle:	by steel strength	N	lb	4,415	8,085	12,880	19,065	26,320	34,525	43,470	55,235		
srad S Sta		V sa	(kN)	(19.7)	(36.0)	(57.3)	(84.8)	(117.1)	(153.6)	(193.4)	(245.7)		
93 G e 2E	Reduction for seismic shear	∕∕V,seis	-		0.	74		0.60					
M A1 Grad	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ³	φ	-	0.75									
AST	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ³	ϕ	-	0.65									
ss At			lb	6,585	12,055	19,205	28,430	39,245	51,485	64,815	82,365		
inles	Nominal strength	IVsa	(kN)	(29.3)	(53.6)	(85.4)	(126.5)	(174.6)	(229.0)	(288.3)	(366.4)		
Sta	by steel strength	N	lb	3,950	7,230	11,525	17,055	23,545	30,890	38,890	49,420		
SC		V sa	(kN)	(17.6)	(32.2)	(51.3)	(75.9)	(104.7)	(137.4)	(173.0)	(219.8)		
593,	Reduction for seismic shear	∕∕V,seis	-		0.	74			0.0	60			
TM F	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-	0.65									
AS	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-	0.60									

TABLE 22—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD¹ (Continued)

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Values provided for common rod material types are based on specified strength and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-2 and Eq. D-29, as applicable. Nuts and washers must be appropriate for the rod strength and type.

²For use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a brittle steel element.

³For use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a ductile steel element.

DES	DESIGN		Unito			Nomi	inal rod dia	meter (inc	:h)					
INFORM	IATION	Бутвоі	Units	³ / ₈	1/2	⁵ /8	³ / ₄	7/ ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	1 ¹ / ₄			
	Minimum	h	in.	2 ³ / ₈	2 ³ / ₄	3 ¹ / ₈	3 ¹ / ₂	3 ¹ / ₂	4	4 ¹ / ₂	5			
Embedment	Winimum	l lef,min	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(114)	(127)			
Depth	Movimum	h .	in.	7 ¹ / ₂	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	22 ¹ / ₂	25			
	Maximum	l lef,max	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(435)	(508)	(572)	(635)			
	Uncracked	1.	in.lb		24									
Effectiveness	Concrete	Kc,uncr	(SI)	(10)										
Factor	Cracked	L.	in.lb	17										
	Concrete	Kc,cr	(SI)				(7.1)						
	Anchor Spacing	Smin	in. (mm)	s _{min} = c _{min}										
Minimum	Edgo Distance		in.	1.67	2.26	2.56	3.15	3.74	4.33	5.31	6.30			
Value	Edge Distance	C _{min}	(mm)	(42.5)	(57.5)	(65)	(80)	(95)	(110)	(135)	(160)			
	Member	h	in.	h _{ef} + 1.2	5 (≥ 4.0)			b + 2	1					
	Thickness	l'Imin	(mm)	(h _{ef} + 30	[≥ 100])			∏ _{ef} + ∠	. u ₀ *					
Critical Value	Edge Distance for Splitting Failure	Cac	in. (mm)) See Section 4.1.10 of this report										
Strength reduction	Tension	φ	-				0.65	5						
concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	Shear	φ	-	0.70										

TABLE 23—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1MPa = 145.0 psi.

 1 d₀ = drill hole diameter

²Values provided for post-installed anchors with category as determined from ACI 355.4 given for Condition B. Condition B applies without supplementary reinforcement or where pullout (bond) or pryout govern, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, while condition A requires supplemental reinforcement. Values are for use with the load combinations of 2021 IBC Section 1605.1, 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC Section 1605.2 or ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 9.2 as set forth in ACI 318 D.4.3. If the load combinations of ACI 318 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of *φ* must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

TABLE 24—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD
IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT ^{1,2}

	DECION INF			Ourseland.	L lucitor		•	Thread	ed Rod	Diamete	er (inch)		•		
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	N	Symbol	Units	³ / ₈	¹ / ₂	⁵ /8	³ / ₄	7/ ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	1 ¹ / ₄		
	Minimum Emb	edment Der	oth	b	in.	2 ³ / ₈	2 ³ / ₄	3 ¹ / ₈	3 ¹ / ₂	3 ¹ / ₂	4	4 ¹ / ₂	5		
			l let,min	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(114)	(127)			
Maximum Embodmont Donth			b.	in.	7 ¹ / ₂	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	22 ¹ / ₂	25			
			pth	Hef,max	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(572)	(635)		
j th	Maximum Cha	rt Tarm	With Sustained		psi	2,365	2,265	2,170	2,100	2,040	1,995	1,960	1,925		
renç ete	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(16.3)	(15.6)	(15.0)	(14.5)	(14.1)	(13.8)	(13.5)	(13.3)		
d St oncr	Maximum Lor		Short Term		psi	2,960	2,830	2,710	2,625	2,555	2,495	2,450	2,410		
Bon		19 F (43 C)	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(20.4)	(19.5)	(18.7)	(18.1)	(17.6)	(17.2)	(16.9)	(16.6)		
stic acke	Mauimum Cha		With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	1,805	1,725	1,655	1,600	1,555	1,520	1,495	1,470		
cteri	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(12.4)	(11.9)	(11.4)	(11.0)	(10.7)	(10.5)	(10.3)	(10.1)		
in L	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		psi	2,960	2,830	2,710	2,625	2,555	2,495	2,450	2,410		
5		$emperature = 122^{\circ}F(50^{\circ}C)$			(N/mm²)	(20.4)	(19.5)	(18.7)	(18.1)	(17.6)	(17.2)	(16.9)	(16.6)		
lth	Maximum Short Term Temperature = 162°F (72°C), Maximum Long Term Temperature = 109°F (43°C) [°]		With Sustained		psi	1,415	1,370	1,335	1,325	1,310	1,300	1,300	1,300		
renç			Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(9.8)	(9.4)	(9.2)	(9.1)	(9.0)	(9.0)	(9.0)	(9.0)		
d Sti ncre			Short Term		psi	1,770	1,710	1,670	1,655	1,640	1,625	1,625	1,625		
Col			Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(12.2)	(11.8)	(11.5)	(11.4)	(11.3)	(11.2)	(11.2)	(11.2)		
stic I cked	Mariana		With Sustained	Tk,cr	psi	1,080	1,045	1,015	1,010	1,000	990	990	990		
crae	Temperature = 16	ort Term 52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(7.4)	(7.2)	(7.0)	(7.0)	(6.9)	(6.8)	(6.8)	(6.8)		
in in	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		psi	1,770	1,710	1,670	1,655	1,640	1,625	1,625	1,625		
ъ	Temperature – 12	2 F (50 C)	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(12.2)	(11.8)	(11.5)	(11.4)	(11.3)	(11.2)	(11.2)	(11.2)		
F	Reduction Factor for	or Seismic T	ension	αN,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.90	0.88	0.87		
ş	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	,	-		0.65	•		•	0.55	•	•		
actor	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Φd	-		0.65				0.55				
n Fa ible iditio	Water Saturated	Continuo	us Inspection	1	-	0.55				0.65					
nissi Cor	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Øws	-	0.55				0.65					
Redu Perr tion	Water-filled	Continuous Inspection		4	-				0.	45					
gth F for I talla	in Concrete	Periodic Inspection		$arphi_{ m wf}$	-				0.	45					
Insi	Underwater	Continuous Inspection		Continuous Inspection - 0.55					55						
ي م	in Concrete	Periodi	Periodic Inspection		Periodic Inspection		-				0.	55			
difi- ion tors	Water-filled	Continuo	us Inspection	V.	-	0.91	0.	92	0.91	0.89	0.88	0.85	0.82		
Mo cat Fac	in Concrete	Holes in Concrete Periodic Inspection		N wf	-	0.88	0.85	0.83	0.82	0.80	0.78	0.77	0.77		

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

² Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

TABLE 25—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT ^{1,2}

	DEOLON INF		Querra have	11	Threaded Rod Diameter (inch)								
	DESIGN INF	ORMATIO	N	Symbol	Units	¹ / ₂	⁵ /8	³ / ₄	7/ ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	1 ¹ / ₄	
	Minimum Emb	admont Day	ath	b	in.	2 ³ / ₄	3 ¹ / ₈	3 ¹ / ₂	3 ¹ / ₂	4	4 ¹ / ₂	5	
		eument Dep	Jun	l lef,min	(mm)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(114)	(127)	
	Marine mar Engli	a des set Da		4	in.	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	22 ¹ / ₂	25	
Maximum Embedment Depth		Пef,max	(mm)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(572)	(635)			
Ith	€ With Susta		With Sustained		psi	1,520	1,425	1,345	1,290	1,240	1,195	1,160	
reng ete	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(10.5)	(9.8)	(9.3)	(8.9)	(8.6)	(8.2)	(8.0)	
d Sti	Maximum Lor		Short Term		psi	1,900	1,785	1,680	1,610	1,550	1,495	1,450	
g C Bon	remperature – ru	19 F (43 C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(13.1)	(12.3)	(11.6)	(11.1)	(10.7)	(10.3)	(10.0)	
stic acke	Mariana		With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	1,160	1,090	1,025	980	945	910	885	
teri	Temperature = 16	ort Term 62°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(8.0)	(7.5)	(7.1)	(6.8)	(6.5)	(6.3)	(6.1)	
arac in U	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		psi	1,900	1,785	1,680	1,610	1,550	1,495	1,450	
ч	Temperature = 12	2 F (50 C) ³	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(13.1)	(12.3)	(11.6)	(11.1)	(10.7)	(10.3)	(10.0)	
th	Mariana		With Sustained		psi	965	975	985	965	940	930	915	
eng te	Temperature = 16	Maximum Short Term emperature = 162°F (72°C)			(N/mm²)	(6.6)	(6.7)	(6.8)	(6.6)	(6.5)	(6.4)	(6.3)	
d Str	Maximum Long Term	ng Term	Short Term		psi	1,205	1,220	1,235	1,205	1,175	1,160	1,145	
Col	Temperature = 10	19 F (43 C) ⁵	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(8.3)	(8.4)	(8.5)	(8.3)	(8.1)	(8.0)	(7.9)	
stic I sked		· -	With Sustained	Tk,cr	psi	735	745	750	735	715	710	700	
steris Crac	Maximum Sho Temperature = 16	ort Term S2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(5.1)	(5.1)	(5.2)	(5.1)	(4.9)	(4.9)	(4.8)	
in	Maximum Long Term		Short Term		psi	1,205	1,220	1,235	1,205	1,175	1,160	1,145	
с	Temperature = 12	2 F (50 C) ³	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(8.3)	(8.4)	(8.5)	(8.3)	(8.1)	(8.0)	(7.9)	
F	Reduction Factor for	or Seismic T	ension	<i>α</i> N,seis	-	0.96	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.90	0.88	0.87	
ş	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	,	-	0.	65	0.55			0.45		
actor	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Фd	-	0.	65		0.55		0.4	45	
n Fa ble iditic	Water Saturated	Continuo	us Inspection	,	-				0.65				
uctio nissi Cor	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Øws	-	0.	65		0.55		0.4	45	
Sedu Dern tion	Water-filled	Continuo	us Inspection	,	-				0.45				
gth F for I talla	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Øwf	-				0.45				
renç	Underwater	Continuo	us Inspection	,	-	0.45			0.	55			
St	in Concrete	Periodic Inspection		Φυw	-	0.45			0.	55			
	Dry Holes	Continuous Inspection			-			1	.0			0.98	
Ľ	in Concrete	Periodic Inspection		Kd	-			1	.0			0.98	
catic	Water Saturated	Continuo	us Inspection		-				1.0				
odifi Fact	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	ection K _{ws} -			1.0 0						
Ŭ	Water-filled	Continuo	Continuous Inspection		-	0.95			1	.0			
	Holes in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	K_{wf}	-	0.94		0.97		0.95	0.94	0.92	

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

TABLE 26—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD
IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND HOLLOW DRILL BIT ^{1,2}

		Threaded Rod Diameter (inch) 6										
	DESIGN INF	ORMATIO	N	Symbol	Units	³ / ₈	¹ / ₂	⁵ /8	³ / ₄	7/ ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₄
	Minimum Emp	admont Day	- t h	h	in.	2 ³ / ₈	2 ³ / ₄	3 ¹ / ₈	3 ¹ / ₂	3 ¹ / ₂	4	5
		edment De	JULI	l lef,min	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(127)
		h	in.	7 ¹ / ₂	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	25		
		eament De	pth	Nef,max	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(635)
th			With Sustained		psi	2,285	2,135	2,020	1,925	1,855	1,800	1,705
reng ete	Temperature = 16	ort Term 62°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(15.8)	(14.7)	(13.9)	(13.3)	(12.8)	(12.4)	(11.8)
d Sti oncr	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		psi	2,855	2,670	2,525	2,410	2,320	2,250	2,130
g C Bon		19 F (43 C)	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(19.7)	(18.4)	(17.4)	(16.6)	(16.0)	(15.5)	(14.7)
stic acke	Mariana	4 T	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	1,745	1,630	1,540	1,470	1,415	1,370	1,300
teri	Temperature = 16	ort Term 52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(12.0)	(11.2)	(10.6)	(10.1)	(9.8)	(9.5)	(9.0)
iarao in U	Maximum Lor	Maximum Long Term			psi	2,855	2,670	2,525	2,410	2,320	2,250	2,130
ъ	Temperature - 12	2 F (50 C)	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(19.7)	(18.4)	(17.4)	(16.6)	(16.0)	(15.5)	(14.7)
th	Mariana		With Sustained		psi	1,390	1,370	1,335	1,325	1,325	1,310	1,325
reng	Temperature = 16	ort Term 62°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(9.6)	(9.4)	(9.2)	(9.1)	(9.1)	(9.0)	(9.1)
d Stincre	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		psi	1,740	1,710	1,670	1,655	1,655	1,640	1,655
Bon		19 F (43 C)	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(12.0)	(11.8)	(11.5)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.3)	(11.4)
stic I cked	Mariana		With Sustained	Tk,cr	psi	1,060	1,045	1,015	1,010	1,010	1,000	1,010
crac	Temperature = 16	ort Term 52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(7.3)	(7.2)	(7.0)	(7.0)	(7.0)	(6.9)	(7.0)
ara(in	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		psi	1,740	1,710	1,670	1,655	1,655	1,640	1,655
ч	Temperature = 12	2 F (50 C) ⁵	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(12.0)	(11.8)	(11.5)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.3)	(11.4)
1	Reduction Factor for	or Seismic 1	ension	<i>α</i> N,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.90	0.87
ctors		Continuo	us Inspection		-			0.	65			0.55
Fac le itior	Dry Holes			ϕ_{d}								
uction nissib Cond	Tarific In Concrete		c Inspection		-			0.	65			0.55
th Redu for Pern allation	Holes in Concrete Water Saturated Holes Periodic		us Inspection	4	-				0.65			
Streng Insta			Periodic Inspection		-	0.65						0.55

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

⁶Size ³/₈ only allowed with Hollow drill bit brand fischer / Bosch.

	DESIGN			Rebar size											
	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11			
			in.	³ / ₈	¹ / ₂	⁵ / ₈	³ / ₄	7/ ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	1 ¹ / ₄	1 ³ / ₈			
r	Nominal Bar Diameter	<i>d</i> a	(mm)	(9.5)	(12.7)	(15.9)	(19.1)	(22.2)	(25.4)	(28.6)	(31.8)	(34.9)			
Bar	effective cross-sectional		ln.²	0.11	0.20	0.31	0.44	0.60	0.79	1.00	1.27	1.56			
	area	Ase	(mm²)	(71)	(129)	(199)	(284)	(387)	(510)	(645)	(819)	(1006)			
		N	lb	6,610	12,005	18,520	26,430	36,020	47,465	60,030	76,225	93,600			
40	Nominal strength	INsa	(kN)	(29.4)	(53.4)	(82.4)	(117.6)	(160.2)	(211.1)	(267.0)	(339.1)	(416.4)			
ade	by steel strength	V	lb	3,965	7,205	11,115	15,860	21,610	28,480	36,020	45,735	56,160			
5 G		Vsa	(kN)	(17.6)	(32.0)	(49.4)	(70.5)	(96.1)	(126.7)	(160.2)	(203.4)	(249.8)			
A61	Reduction for seismic shear	∕∕V,seis	-		0.74										
ASTM	Strength reduction factor	φ	φ - 0.65												
4	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	φ - 0.60												
	r		lb	9,910	18,010	27,780	39,650	54,030	71,200	90,045	114,340	140,400			
60	Nominal strength	Nsa	(kN)	(44.1)	(80.1)	(123.6)	(176.4)	(240.3)	(316.7)	(400.5)	(508.6)	(624.5)			
ade	as governed by steel strength		lb	5,945	10,805	16,670	23,790	32,415	42,720	54,030	68,605	84,240			
С С С		Vsa	(kN)	(26.5)	(48.1)	(74.1)	(105.8)	(144.2)	(190.0)	(240.3)	(305.2)	(374.7)			
I A61	Reduction for seismic shear	∕∕V,seis	-					0.74							
ASTN	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-					0.65							
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-					0.60							
			lb	8,810	16,010	24,695	35,245	48,025	63,290	80,040	101,635	124,800			
60	Nominal strength	Nsa	(kN)	(39.2)	(71.2)	(109.8)	(156.8)	(213.6)	(281.5)	(356.0)	(452.1)	(555.1)			
ade	by steel strength		lb	5,285	9,605	14,815	21,145	28,815	37,975	48,025	60,980	74,880			
0 G		V _{sa}	(kN)	(23.5)	(42.7)	(65.9)	(94.1)	(128.2)	(168.9)	(213.6)	(271.3)	(333.0)			
I A70(Reduction for seismic shear	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	-					0.74							
ASTN	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	ϕ	-					0.65							
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-	0.60											

TABLE 27-STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BAR¹

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Values provided for common rod material types are based on specified strength and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-2 and Eq. D-29, as applicable.

²For use with load combinations section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a brittle steel element.

DESIG	N	Symbol	Unito					Rebar Size	•							
INFORMA	TION	Symbol	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11				
	N dias incorrect	h	in.	2 ³ / ₈	2 ³ / ₄	3 ¹ / ₈	3 ¹ / ₂	3 ¹ / ₂	4	4 ¹ / ₂	5	5 ¹ / ₂				
Embedment	winimum	Nef,min	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(114)	(127)	(140)				
Depth		4	in.	7 ¹ / ₂	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	22 ¹ / ₂	25	27 ¹ / ₂				
	waximum	N _{ef,max}	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(572)	(635)	(699)				
	Uncracked		in.lb		24											
Effectiveness	Concrete	K _{c,uncr}	(SI)		(10)											
Factor	Cracked	1.	in.lb		17											
	Concrete	K _{c,cr}	(SI)		(7.1)											
	Anchor	Smin	in.		s _{min} = c _{min}											
	Spacing		(11111) in	1.60	2.20	2.56	2 15	2.74	1 22	5 10	6 20	6 90				
Minimum	Edge Distance	C _{min}	(mm)	(42)	(59)	2.50	(90)	(05)	(110)	(120)	(160)	(175)				
Value	Bistarioe	-	(11111)	(43)	(56)	(05)	(80)	(95)	(110)	(130)	(100)	(175)				
10100	Member		in.	(≥ 4.0)												
	Thickness	N _{min}	(mm)	(h _{ef} + 30 [≥ 100])	$h_{ef} + 2d_0^1$											
Critical Value	Edge Distance for Splitting Failure	Cac	in. (mm)	n. See Section 4.1.10 of this report												
Strength reduction factor	Tension	φ	-					0.65								
φ , concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	Shear	φ	-					0.70								

TABLE 28—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BAR

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹ d₀ = drill hole diameter

²Values provided for post-installed anchors with category as determined from ACI 355.4 given for Condition B. Condition B applies without supplementary reinforcement or where pullout (bond) or pryout govern, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, while condition A requires supplemental reinforcement. Values are for use with the load combinations of 2021 IBC Section 1605.1, 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC Section 1605.2, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of *\phi* must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

TABLE 29—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BAR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT ^{1,2,6}

		Querra ha a l	Symbol Units Rebar Size											
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	N	Symbol	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11
	Minimum Emb	odmont Dor	ath	h	in.	2 ³ / ₈	2 ³ / ₄	3 ¹ / ₈	3 ¹ / ₂	3 ¹ / ₂	4	4 ¹ / ₂	5	5 ¹ / ₂
				l let,min	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(114)	(127)	(140)
Maximum Each admant Darth		b.	in.	7 ¹ / ₂	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	22 ¹ / ₂	25	27 ¹ / ₂		
			pui	Hef,max	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(572)	(635)	(699)
lth	Mauimum Cha		With Sustained		psi	1,555	1,510	1,460	1,440	1,405	1,380	1,360	1,345	740
renç ete	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(10.7)	(10.4)	(10.1)	(9.9)	(9.7)	(9.5)	(9.4)	(9.3)	(5.1)
d St onci	Maximum Lor		Short Term		psi	1,945	1,885	1,825	1,800	1,755	1,725	1,695	1,680	1,030
Bon ed C		19 F (43 C)	Loads only⁵	_	(N/mm²)	(13.4)	(13.0)	(12.6)	(12.4)	(12.1)	(11.9)	(11.7)	(11.6)	(7.1)
stic acke	Mauimum Cha		With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	1,185	1,150	1,115	1,095	1,070	1,055	1,035	1,025	740
cteri	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(8.2)	(7.9)	(7.7)	(7.6)	(7.4)	(7.3)	(7.1)	(7.1)	(5.1)
in L	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		psi	1,945	1,885	1,825	1,800	1,755	1,725	1,695	1,680	1,030
с С	remperature – 12	2 F (50 C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(13.4)	(13.0)	(12.6)	(12.4)	(12.1)	(11.9)	(11.7)	(11.6)	(7.1)
lth	Massimasura Chart Tarra		With Sustained		psi	1,055	1,045	1,045	1,055	1,055	1,055	1,065	1,080	690
renç	Temperature = 16	mperature = 162°F (72°C)	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(7.3)	(7.2)	(7.2)	(7.3)	(7.3)	(7.3)	(7.4)	(7.4)	(4.8)
d St ncre	Maximum Long Term		Short Term		psi	1,320	1,305	1,305	1,320	1,320	1,320	1,335	1,350	955
Bon			Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(9.1)	(9.0)	(9.0)	(9.1)	(9.1)	(9.1)	(9.2)	(9.3)	(6.6)
stic cked	Mauimum Cha		With Sustained	Tk,cr	psi	805	795	795	805	805	805	815	825	690
cteri Cra	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(5.6)	(5.5)	(5.5)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.7)	(4.8)
in in	Maximum Lor		Short Term		psi	1,320	1,305	1,305	1,320	1,320	1,320	1,335	1,350	955
с С	remperature – 12	2 F (50 C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(9.1)	(9.0)	(9.0)	(9.1)	(9.1)	(9.1)	(9.2)	(9.3)	(6.6)
F	Reduction Factor fo	or Seismic T	ension	αN,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.93	0.92	0.90	0.88	0.87	1.00
S	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	<i>A</i> .	-		0.65				0.	55		
acto ons	in Concrete	Periodio	c Inspection	Ψα	-		0.65				0.	55		-
ible idle	Water Saturated	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-	0.55				0.65				0.55
uctic Niss Cor	in Concrete	Periodio	c Inspection	Ψws	-	0.55				0.65				0.55
Red Perr Ition	Water-filled	Continuous Inspection		<i>d</i> .	-				0.4	45				N/A
gth I for talla	in Concrete	Periodic Inspection		φwt	-				0.4	45				N/A
Ins	Underwater	Continuous Inspection		4	-				0.5	55				N/A
Ś	in Concrete	Periodio	c Inspection	Ψυν	-	0.55 N						N/A		
difi- tion tors	Water-filled	Continuo	us Inspection	K ·	-	0.91	0.	92	0.91	0.89	0.88	0.	82	N/A
Mo cat Fac	in Concrete	Periodio	Periodic Inspection		-	0.88	0.85	0.83	0.82	0.80	0.78	0.	77	N/A

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

² Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

⁵Characteristic bond strengths are for short-term loads including wind.

⁶N/A indicates evaluation is beyond the scope of this report.

TABLE 30—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BAR
IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT ^{1,2}

		O	11				Reba	r Size	_	_			
	DESIGN INFO	RMATION	4	Symbol	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10
	Minimum Embor	Imont Dor	th	b.	in.	2 ³ / ₈	2 ³ / ₄	3 ¹ / ₈	3 ¹ / ₂	3 ¹ / ₂	4	4 ¹ / ₂	5
		illient Del	501	l let,min	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(114)	(127)
	Maximum Embo	dmont Do	ath	b.	in.	7 ¹ / ₂	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	22 ¹ / ₂	25
			Jui	l lef,max	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(572)	(635)
lth	£ Number of the		With Sustained		psi	1,045	1,020	1,010	1,000	1,000	985	975	975
renç ete	Temperature = 162	°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(7.2)	(7.0)	(7.0)	(6.9)	(6.9)	(6.8)	(6.7)	(6.7)
d St oncr	Maximum Long		Short Term		psi	1,305	1,275	1,260	1,245	1,245	1,235	1,220	1,220
g C Bon	Temperature – 109	F (43 C)	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(9.0)	(8.8)	(8.7)	(8.6)	(8.6)	(8.5)	(8.4)	(8.4)
stic acke	Mauimum Chart	T - 1111	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	795	780	770	760	760	750	745	745
cteri	Temperature = 162	°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(5.5)	(5.4)	(5.3)	(5.2)	(5.2)	(5.2)	(5.1)	(5.1)
iara(Maximum Long		Short Term		psi	1,305	1,275	1,260	1,245	1,245	1,235	1,220	1,220
5 C	Temperature – 122	F (50 C)	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(9.0)	(8.8)	(8.7)	(8.6)	(8.6)	(8.5)	(8.4)	(8.4)
lth	Maximum Chart	Tarm	With Sustained Loads⁴		psi	555	590	615	650	650	650	650	660
reng	Temperature = 162	°F (72°C),			(N/mm²)	(3.8)	(4.1)	(4.2)	(4.5)	(4.5)	(4.5)	(4.5)	(4.6)
d Stincre	Maximum Long Term		Short Term		psi	695	740	770	810	810	810	810	825
Bon		F (43 C)	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(4.8)	(5.1)	(5.3)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.7)
stic cked	Maximum Short Term		With Sustained	Tk,cr	psi	425	450	470	495	495	495	495	505
crac			Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(2.9)	(3.1)	(3.2)	(3.4)	(3.4)	(3.4)	(3.4)	(3.5)
iara(in	Maximum Long		, Short Term		psi	695	740	770	810	810	810	810	825
5 C	Temperature – 122	F (50 C)	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(4.8)	(5.1)	(5.3)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.7)
	Reduction Factor for	Seismic T	ension	αN,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.93	0.92	0.90	0.88	0.87
S	Dry Holes	Continu	ous Inspection	4	-	0.55	0.	65	0.55			0.45	
acto ons	in Concrete	Period	ic Inspection	arphid	-	0.55	0.	65		0.55		0.4	45
ible iditio	Water Saturated	Continu	ous Inspection	4	-				0.	65			
uctic Niss Cor	in Concrete	Period	ic Inspection	φws	-	0.55	0.	65		0.55		0.4	45
Perr	Water-filled	Continu	ous Inspection	<i>.</i>	-				0.	45			
gth F for talla	in Concrete	Period	ic Inspection	φ_{wf}	-				0	45			
Ins	Underwater	Continu	Continuous Inspection		-	0.	45			0.	55		
Ś	in Concrete	Periodic Inspection		Ψυν	-	0	45			0.	55		
	Dry Holes	Continuous Inspection		V.	-			1	.0			0.	98
u	in Concrete	Periodic Inspection		Λd	-			1	.0			0.	98
catio	Water Saturated	Continu	ous Inspection	V	-				1	.0			
odifi Fac	in Concrete	Period	ic Inspection	Aws	-			1.0 0.98				98	
Σ	Water-filled	Continu	ous Inspection	<i>V</i> .	-	0.91	0.95			1	.0		
	in Concrete	Period	Periodic Inspection		-	0.89	0.94		0.97		0.95	0.	92

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

TABLE 31—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BAR
IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND HOLLOW DRILL BIT ^{1,2}

								F	Rebar Siz	е		
DESIGN INFORMATION			Symbol	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	
Minimum Frichte der ent Der Mi			h	in.	2 ³ / ₈	2 ³ / ₄	3 ¹ / ₈	3 ¹ / ₂	3 ¹ / ₂	4	4 ¹ / ₂	
	Minimum Emp	edment Dep	JUI	l lef,min	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(114)
				h	in.	7 ¹ / ₂	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	22 ¹ / ₂
		eament De	pth	Nef,max	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(572)
th	Mariana		With Sustained	1	psi	1,115	1,135	1,150	1,170	1,195	1,205	1,230
reng ete	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(7.7)	(7.8)	(7.9)	(8.1)	(8.2)	(8.3)	(8.5)
d Sti oncr	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		psi	1,390	1,420	1,435	1,465	1,495	1,510	1,535
g C Bon		19 F (43 C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(9.6)	(9.8)	(9.9)	(10.1)	(10.3)	(10.4)	(10.6)
stic acke	Mauringung Chu		With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	850	865	875	895	910	920	940
cteri	Temperature = 16	ort Term 62°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(5.9)	(6.0)	(6.0)	(6.2)	(6.3)	(6.3)	(6.5)
iarac in U	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		psi	1,390	1,420	1,435	1,465	1,495	1,510	1,535
ъ	Temperature - 12	emperature = 122°F (50°C)			(N/mm²)	(9.6)	(9.8)	(9.9)	(10.1)	(10.3)	(10.4)	(10.6)
th	Maximum Short Term Temperature = 162°F (72°C) Maximum Long Term Temperature = 109°F (43°C)		With Sustained		psi	720	755	775	825	860	880	930
reng			Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(5.0)	(5.2)	(5.4)	(5.7)	(5.9)	(6.1)	(6.4)
d St ncre			Short Term Loads only⁵		psi	900	945	970	1,030	1,075	1,100	1,160
Bon				Tk,cr	(N/mm²)	(6.2)	(6.5)	(6.7)	(7.1)	(7.4)	(7.6)	(8.0)
stic ckec			With Sustained		psi	550	575	595	630	655	670	710
cteri Cra	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(3.8)	(4.0)	(4.1)	(4.3)	(4.5)	(4.6)	(4.9)
in in	Maximum Lor		Short Term		psi	900	945	970	1,030	1,075	1,100	1,160
5 C		2 F (50 C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(6.2)	(6.5)	(6.7)	(7.1)	(7.4)	(7.6)	(8.0)
1	Reduction Factor for	or Seismic 1	ension	αN,seis	-	0.97	0.96	0.94	0.93	0.92	0.90	0.88
actors ons	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection		-			0.	65			0.55
ction Fa issible Conditio	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φα	-			0.	65			0.55
th Reductor or Perm	Water Saturated	Continuo	us Inspection		-				0.65			1
Strengt fi Insta	Holes in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Øws	-			0.	65			0.55

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

DESIGN					Anchor Fraction	nal Thread Size			
	INFORMATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	³ / ₈	¹ / ₂	⁵ /8	³ / ₄		
		,	in.	³ / ₈	¹ / ₂	⁵ / ₈	3/4		
NO	minal Anchor Diameter	<i>a</i> _e	(mm)	(9.5)	(12.7)	(15.9)	(19.1)		
	uten Ansken Dienssten	d	in.	0.63	0.72	0.88	1.11		
0	uter Anchor Diameter	0a	(mm)	(16.0)	(18.3)	(22.3)	(28.3)		
Amelaan	ffe stiller success as stillers at success		in.²	0.2133 0.2486		0.3185	0.5267		
Ancnor e	effective cross-sectional area	Ase	(mm²)	(144.6)	(147.9)	(209.5)	(366.0)		
8.8		N	lb	5,620	10,285	16,390	24,255		
le 5.	Nominal strength	IVsa	(kN)	(25.0)	(45.8)	(72.9)	(107.9)		
Grad	by steel strength	V	lb	3,370	6,170	9,835	14,555		
98-1 ith 8-1 (V _{sa}	(kN)	(15.0)	(27.5)	(43.7)	(64.7)		
80° × 88	Reduction for seismic shear	lphaV,seis	-		1.	1.0			
hor IS It: ISC	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-	0.65					
Anc Bo	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-		0.6	60			
8.8		Nsa	lb	8,990	16,455	24,725	38,810		
ade a le 8.	Nominal strength		(kN)	(40.0)	(73.2)	(110.0)	(172.6)		
l Gra Grac	by steel strength	V _{sa}	lb	5,395	9,875	15,735	23,285		
/ith /ith 8-1 ((kN)	(24.0)	(24.0) (43.9)		(103.6)		
8 O 8 0 8 9 6	Reduction for seismic shear	lphaV,seis	-	0.9	90	-	0.90		
101: 15 It: ISC	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	ϕ	-		0.6	65			
Ancl Bo	Strength reduction factor	ϕ	-		0.6	60			
			lb	7,870	14,400	22,945	33,960		
02.0	Nominal strength	INsa	(kN)	(35.0)	(64.1)	(102.1)	(151.1)		
olt ade	by steel strength	N	lb	4,720	8,640	13,765	20,375		
Gra		V sa	(kN)	(21.0)	(38.4)	(61.2)	(90.6)		
nchc 506- HCR	Reduction for seismic shear	αV,seis	-		0.9	90			
A SO 3: and F	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-		0.6	65			
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-		0.6	60			

TABLE 32—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (FRACTIONAL) ANCHOR⁴

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Values provided for common rod material types are based on specified strength and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-2 and Eq. D-29, as applicable.

²For use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a brittle steel element.

DESIGN		SYMBOL		Anchor Fractional Threaded Size						
INFORM	MATION	STWBUL	onito	³ / ₈	¹ / ₂	⁵ /8	³ / ₄			
Embodm	ont Donth	h .	in	3.54	4.92	6.30	7.87			
Embedin	ent Depth	Hef	(mm)	(90)	(125)	(160)	(200)			
	Uncracked	k	in.lb	24						
Effectiveness	Concrete	Kc,uncr	(SI)	(10)						
Factor	Cracked	k	in.lb		1	7				
	Concrete	Kc,cr	(SI)	(7.1)						
	Anchor Spacing	Smin	in. (mm)	s _{min} = c _{min}						
Minimum	Edge Distance	Cmin	in.	2.56	2.95	3.74	4.92			
Value			(mm)	(65)	(75)	(95)	(125)			
	Member	h	in.	125	165	205	260			
	Thickness	Timin	(mm)	(4.92)	(6.50)	(8.07)	(10.24)			
Critical	Edge Distance		in.							
Value	Failure	Cac	(mm)		See Section 4.1	.10 of this report				
Strength reduction factor	Tension	φ	-		0.	65				
failure modes, Condition B^1	Shear	φ	-		0.	70				

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Values provided for post-installed anchors with category as determined from ACI 355.4 given for Condition B. Condition B applies without supplementary reinforcement or where pullout (bond) or pryout govern, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, while condition A requires supplemental reinforcement. Values are for use with load combinations Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

TABLE 34—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (FRACTIONAL) ANCHOR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL and CARBIDE BIT ^{1,2}

					11	An	chor Fractional	Thread Size (in	ch)	
	DESIGN INF	ORMATION	N	Symbol	Units	³ / ₈	¹ / ₂	⁵ / ₈	³ / ₄	
	Embodm	ant Donth		b.	in.	3.54	4.92	6.30	7.87	
	Empedine	ent Depth		llef	(mm)	(90)	(125)	(160)	(200)	
ţ	Mariana	4 T	With Sustained		psi	2,170	2,125	2,040	1,960	
reng ete	Temperature = 16	ort i erm 62°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(15.0)	(14.6)	(14.1)	(13.5)	
d St	Maximum Lor		Short Term		psi	2,710	2,655	2,555	2,450	
Bon		19 F (43 C)	Loads only ⁵	_	(N/mm²)	(18.7)	(18.3)	(17.6)	(16.9)	
stic acke	Mauinauna Cha		With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	1,655	1,620	1,555	1,495	
cteri	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(11.4)	(11.2)	(10.7)	(10.3)	
iara(in U	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		psi	2,710	2,655	2,555	2,450	
5		2 F (50 C)	Loads only ⁵		(N/mm²)	(18.7)	(18.3)	(17.6)	(16.9)	
jth	Mauinaum Cha		With Sustained		psi	1,345	1,325	1,310	1,300	
renç	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(9.3)	(9.1)	(9.0)	(9.0)	
d St ncre	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		psi	1,680	1,655	1,640	1,625	
Bon		19 F (43 C)	Loads only ⁵	_	(N/mm²)	(11.6)	(11.4)	(11.3)	(11.2)	
stic ckec	Maximum Cha	art Tarm	With Sustained	lk,cr	psi	1,025	1,010	1,000	990	
cteri Cra	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(7.1)	(7.0)	(6.9)	(6.8)	
iara in	Maximum Lor	g Term 2°F (50°C) ³	Short Term		psi	1,680	1,655	1,640	1,625	
ç		2 F (30 C)	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(11.6)	(11.4)	(11.3)	(11.2)	
I	Reduction Factor for	or Seismic T	ension	$lpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.88	
rs	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	4.	-	0.65		0.55		
acto ons	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φd	-	0.65	0.55			
n Fa ible nditio	Water Saturated	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-		0.	65		
uctic niss Cor	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φws	-		0.	65		
Red Ferr tion	Water-filled	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-		0.4	45		
gth F for talla	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Øwf	-		0.4	45		
treng	Underwater	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-		0.	55		
ي. ا	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	<i>Φ</i> uw	-		0.	55		
difi- ion tors	Water-filled	Continuo	us Inspection	V.	-	0.92	0.91	0.89	0.85	
Mor cat Fact	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Kwf	-	0.83	0.82	0.80	0.77	

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling.

Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

TABLE 35—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (FRACTIONAL) ANCHOR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT ^{1,2}

				Symbol	Unite	An	Anchor Fractional Thread Size (inch)				
	DESIGN INF	URIMATIO	N	Symbol	Units	³ / ₈	¹ / ₂	⁵ / ₈	³ / ₄		
	Embodm	ont Donth		h.	in.	3.54	4.92	6.30	7.87		
	Embedine	ent Deptit		Het	(mm)	(90)	(125)	(160)	(200)		
lth	Mauimum Cha		With Sustained		psi	1,425	1,370	1,290	1,195		
reng ete	Temperature = 16	ort Term 52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(9.8)	(9.4)	(8.9)	(8.2)		
d St oncr	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		psi	1,785	1,710	1,610	1,495		
Bon 8d C		9 T (43 C)	Loads only⁵	-	(N/mm²)	(12.3)	(11.8)	(11.1)	(10.3)		
stic acke	Maximum Cha	ut Tarm	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	1,090	1,045	980	910		
cteri	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(7.5)	(7.2)	(6.8)	(6.3)		
iara in L	Maximum Lor		Short Term		psi	1,785	1,710	1,610	1,495		
ð	remperature – 12	.2 F (30 C)	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(12.3)	(11.8)	(11.1)	(10.3)		
j th	Maximum Cha	ut Tarm	With Sustained		psi	975	1,000	965	940		
renç	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(6.7)	(6.9)	(6.6)	(6.5)		
d St ncre	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term Loads only⁵		psi	1,220	1,245	1,205	1,175		
Bon		9 F (43 C)		_	(N/mm²)	(8.4)	(8.6)	(8.3)	(8.1)		
stic ckec	Maximum Cha	ut Tarm	With Sustained	UK,Cr	psi	745	760	735	715		
cteri Cra	Temperature = 162°F (72°C		Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(5.1)	(5.2)	(5.1)	(4.9)		
iara in	Maximum Lor		Short Term Loads only ⁵		psi	1,220	1,245	1,205	1,175		
ç		.2 F (30 C)			(N/mm²)	(8.4)	(8.6)	(8.3)	(8.1)		
F	Reduction Factor for	or Seismic 1	ension	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.88		
S	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-	0.	65	0.55	0.45		
acto	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	φd	-	0.	65	0.55	0.45		
n Fa ible nditio	Water Saturated	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-		0.	65			
uctic niss Cor	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Øws	-	0.	65	0.55	0.45		
Redu Perr tion	Water-filled	Continuo	us Inspection	,	-		0.	45			
gth F for talla	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Øwf	-		0.	45			
treng	Underwater	Continuo	us Inspection	4	-		0.	55			
S	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	Φuw	-	0.55					
difi- ion tors	Water-filled	Continuo	us Inspection	V	-		1	.0			
Mor cat Fac	in Concrete	Periodi	c Inspection	K wf	-	0.95	0.	97	0.95		

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling.

Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

TABLE 36—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR RG M I INTERNAL THREADED (FRACTIONAL) ANCHOR IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER AND HOLLOW DRILL BIT ^{1,2}

				Ourseland.	Unite	An	chor Fractional	Thread Size (in	ch)	
	DESIGN INF	ORIVIATION	4	Symbol	Units	³ / ₈	¹ / ₂	⁵ / ₈	³ / ₄	
	Embodm	ont Donth		h.	in.	3.54	4.92	6.30	7.87	
	Embedine	eni Depin		Het	(mm)	(90)	(125)	(160)	(200)	
j th	Maximum Cha	rt Tarm	With Sustained		psi	2,005	1,950	1,855	1,750	
renç ete	Temperature = 16	ort Term 2°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(13.8)	(13.4)	(12.8)	(12.1)	
d St onci	Maximum Lor		Short Term		psi	2,510	2,435	2,320	2,190	
Bon ed C		19 F (43 C)	Loads only⁵	_	(N/mm²)	(17.3)	(16.8)	(16.0)	(15.1)	
stic acke	Maximum Cha	rt Tarm	With Sustained	Tk,uncr	psi	1,530	1,485	1,415	1,335	
cteri	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(10.6)	(10.2)	(9.8)	(9.2)	
iarac in U	Maximum Lor	ng Term	Short Term		psi	2,510	2,435	2,320	2,190	
ъ	Temperature – 12	2 F (50 C) ²	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(17.3)	(16.8)	(16.0)	(15.1)	
ţ	Mariana		With Sustained), Loads ⁴		psi	1,310	1,290	1,275	1,275	
reng	Temperature = 16	ort Term 52°F (72°C),			(N/mm²)	(9.0)	(8.9)	(8.8)	(8.8)	
d St ncre	Maximum Lor	g Term	Short Term		psi	1,640	1,610	1,595	1,595	
Bon			Loads only⁵	_	(N/mm²)	(11.3)	(11.1)	(11.0)	(11.0)	
stic ckec	Mariana Ohart Tarra		With Sustained	lk,cr	psi	1,000	980	975	975	
cteri Cra	Temperature = 16	52°F (72°C),	Loads ⁴		(N/mm²)	(6.9)	(6.8)	(6.7)	(6.7)	
in in	Maximum Lor		Short Term		psi	1,640	1,610	1,595	1,595	
Ċ		.2 F (30 C)	Loads only⁵		(N/mm²)	(11.3)	(11.1)	(11.0)	(11.0)	
	Reduction Factor for	or Seismic T	ension	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.88	
actors	Dry Holes	Continuo	us Inspection	<i>A</i> .	-		0.65		0.55	
uction F nissible Conditi	in Concrete	Periodio	c Inspection	ψα	-		0.65		0.55	
Ith Redu for Perr allation	Water Saturated	Continuo	us Inspection	<i>.</i>	-		0.	65		
Streng	in Concrete	Periodio	c Inspection	Øws	-	0.65				

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Characteristic bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For uncracked concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55,2 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [for SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Lightweight concrete may be used by applying a reduction factor as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D section D.3.6 as applicable.

³Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling.

Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

TABLE 37—DEVELOPMENT LENGTH FOR EU METRIC REINFORCING BARS ^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5,}	6
--	---

				Unite	Rebar size							
	DESI	GNINFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	25	28	32	
	Nor	ninal Bar Diamatar	d _b	mm	10	12	16	20	25	28	32	
	NO	ninai bar Diameter		(in.)	(0.39)	(0.47)	(0.63)	(0.79)	(0.98)	(1.10)	(1.26)	
			Δ	mm²	78.5	113.0	201.0	314.0	491.0	616.0	804.0	
Bar effective cross-sectional area		Ase	(in.²)	(0.122)	(0.175)	(0.312)	(0.487)	(0.761)	(0.955)	(1.246)		
ngth	ent length B200B	Concrete Compressive Strength		mm	348	418	557	870	1,088	1,218	1,392	
ient le or		f' _c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) (normal weight concrete) ³		(in.)	(13.7)	(16.4)	(21.9)	(34.3)	(42.8)	(48.0)	(54.8)	
elopm f(DIN 488	Concrete Compressive Strength	Id	mm	305	330	440	688	860	963	1,101	
B500B		f' _c = 4,000 psi (27.6 MPa) (normal weight concrete) ³		(in.)	(12.0)	(13.0)	(17.3)	(27.1)	(33.9)	(37.9)	(43.3)	

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Development lengths valid for static, wind and seismic loads (SDC A and B)

²Development lengths in SDC C through F must comply with ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 21 and section 4.2.4. of this report.

³For sand-lightweight concrete, increase development length by 33%, unless the provisions of ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5, ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 or ACI 318-11 12.2.4 (d), as applicable, are met to permit $\lambda > 0.75$

 $4\left(\frac{c_b+K_{tr}}{d_b}\right) = 2.5, \ \psi_t = 1.0, \ \psi_e = 1.0, \ \psi_s = 0.8 \ \text{for } d_b \le 20 \ \text{mm}, \ \psi_s = 1.0 \ \text{for } d_b > 20 \ \text{mm}$

⁵Minimum f'_c of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1

⁶Calculations may be performed for other steel grades per ACI 318-11 Chapter 12 or ACI 318-14 and ACI 318-19 Chapter 25

TABLE 38—DEVELOPMENT LENGTH FOR U.S. CU	JSTOMARY UNIT REINFORCING BARS ^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}
---	--

		Symbol	Unito	Rebar size									
	DESIGN INFORMATION			Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11
No	minal rainfarai	ng har diamatar	4	in.	³ /8	¹ / ₂	⁵ /8	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	1 ¹ / ₄	1 ³ / ₈
NO		ng bar diameter	U _b	(mm)	(9.5)	(12.7)	(15.9)	(19.1)	(22.2)	(25.4)	(28.6)	(31.8)	(34.9)
	Nominal	bor oroo	~	in.²	0.11	0.20	0.31	0.44	0.60	0.79	1.00	1.27	1.56
	nominari		Ase	(mm²)	(71.0)	(129.0)	(199.0)	(284.0)	(387.0)	(510.0)	(645.0)	(819.0)	(1,006.0)
	ASTM Concrete		in.	12.0	12.0	12.0	14.4	21.0	24.0	27.0	30.0	33.0	
Grade 40	Grade 40	Compressive Strength f [*] _c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) (normal weight	,	(mm)	(305)	(305)	(305)	(366)	(533)	(610)	(686)	(762)	(838)
ngth	ASTM			in.	12.0	14.4	18.0	21.6	31.5	36.0	40.5	45.0	49.5
ient le or	Grade 60	concrete) ³		(mm)	(305)	(366)	(457)	(549)	(800)	(914)	(1,029)	(1,143)	(1,257)
elopm	ASTM	Concrete	Id	in.	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	16.6	19.0	21.3	23.7	26.1
Dev	A615 Grade 40	Compressive Strength		(mm)	(305)	(305)	(305)	(305)	(422)	(482)	(542)	(602)	(663)
	ASTM	f [°] _c = 4,000 psi (27.6 MPa) (normal weight concrete) ³		in.	12.0	12.0	14.2	17.1	24.9	28.5	32.0	35.6	39.1
	Grade 60			(mm)	(305)	(305)	(361)	(434)	(633)	(723)	(813)	(904)	(994)

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Development lengths valid for static, wind and seismic loads (SDC A and B)

²Development lengths in SDC C through F must comply with ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 21, as applicable, and section 4.2.4. of this report

³For sand-lightweight concrete, increase development length by 33%, unless the provisions of ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5, ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 or ACI 318-11 12.2.4 (d), as applicable, are met to permit $\lambda > 0.75$

 $4\left(\frac{c_b+K_{tr}}{d_b}\right) = 2.5, \,\psi_t = 1.0, \,\psi_e = 1.0, \,\psi_s = 0.8 \text{ for } d_b \le \#6, \,\psi_s = 1.0 \text{ for } d_b > \#6$

 $^5\mbox{Minimum}\ f'_c$ of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1

⁶Calculations may be performed for other steel grades per ACI 318-11 Chapter 12 or ACI 318-14 and ACI 318-19 Chapter 25

Drilling and cleaning the hole (hammer drilling with standard drill bit)



Go to step 6

Drilling and cleaning the hole (hammer drilling with hollow drill bit)



Drilling and cleaning the hole (wet drilling with diamond drill bit)



Preparing the cartridge

6		Remove the sealing cap. Screw on the static mixer (the spiral in the static mixer n	nust be clearly visible).
7	fischer cz		Place the cartridge into the dispenser.
8	X	×	Extrude approximately 10 cm / 4 in. of material out until the resin is evenly grey in colour. Do not inject mortar that is not uniformly grey.

Injection of the mortar



Installation of anchor rods or fischer internal threaded anchor



Installation reinforcing bars

10	Only use clean and oil-free reinforcing bars. Mark the setting depth. Turn while using force to push the reinforcement bar into the filled hole up to the setting depth mark.
	When the setting depth mark is reached, excess mortar must be emerged from the mouth of the drill hole.
11	Wait for the specified curing time t _{cure} see Table IX .

Drill bit		Rods	Rebar	Internal rods	Bru	ush	Injection adapter		
Ø [inch]	Ø [mm]	Ø [mm]	Ø [mm]	Ø [mm]	Туре	Item. No.	Size	Color	
3/8	10	M8	-	-	BS10	78178	-	-	
7/16	12	M10	-	-	BS12	78179	12	nature	
9/16	14	M12	10	RG M8 I	BS14	78180	14	blue	
5/8	16	-	12	-	BS 16/18	78181	16	red	
3/4	18	M16	-	RG M10 I	BS 16/18	78181	18	yellow	
13/16	20	-	16	RG M12 I	BS 20	52277	20	green	
1	24	M20	-	RG M16 I	BS 24	78182	24	brown	
1	25	-	20	-	BS 25	97806	25	black	
1 1/8	28	M24	-	-	BS 28	78183	28	blue	
1 1/4	30	M27	25	-	BS 35	78184	30	grey	
1 1/4	32	-	-	RG M20 I	BS 35	78184	30	grey	
1 3/8	35	M30	28	-	BS 35	78184	35	brown	
1 1/2	40	-	32	-	BSB 40	505061	40	red	

Table II. Metric threaded rods

da		d ₀	h	ef,min	h _{ef}	,max	h,	min	s _{min} =	C _{min}	ma	ix T _{inst}
[mm]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[Nm]	[ft · lb]
M8	10	3/8	60	2,36	160	6,30			40	1,57	10	7
M10	12	7/16	60	2,36	200	7,87	h _{ef} + 30 (>100)	h _{ef} + 1,25 (>4)	45	1,77	20	15
M12	14	9/16	70	2,76	240	9,45	(≤100)	(=4)	55	2,17	40	30
M16	18	3/4	80	3,15	320	12,60			65	2,56	60	44
M20	24	1	90	3,54	400	15,75			85	3,35	120	89
M24	28	1 1/8	96	3,78	480	18,90	h_{ef} + 2d ₀	h_{ef} + 2 d_0	105	4,13	150	111
M27	30	1 1/4	108	4,25	540	21,26			120	4,72	200	148
M30	35	1 3/8	120	4,72	600	23,62			140	5,51	300	221

Table III. Metric reinforcing bars

d_a / d_b		do	h	ef,min	h _{ef,max}		h _{min}		$s_{min} = c_{min}$		max T _{inst} ¹	
[mm]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[Nm]	[ft · lb]
10	14	9/16	60	2,36	200	7,87	h _{ef} + 30 (≥100)	h _{ef} + 1,25 (≥4)	45	1,77	30	22
12	16	5/8	70	2,76	240	9,45			55	2,17	50	37
16	20	13/16	80	3,15	320	12,60			65	2,56	110	81
20	25	1	90	3,54	400	15,75	h_{ef} + 2d ₀	h_{ef} + 2 d_0	85	3,35	190	140
25	30	1 1/4	100	3,94	500	19,69			120	4,72	280	207
28	35	1 3/8	112	4,41	560	22,05			140	5,51	350	258
32	40	1 1/2	128	5,04	640	25,20			160	6,30	430	317

¹Torque moment only required when using threaded reinforcing bars to resist seismic loading

Table IV. Metric internal threaded anchor

d _e		d _a	(do	h	ef		h _{min}	s _{min} =	C _{min}	ma	IX T _{inst}	
[mm]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[Nm]	[ft · lb]	
RG M8 I	12	1/2	14	9/16	90	3,54	120	4,72	55	2,17	10	7	
RG M10 I	16	5/8	18	3/4	90	3,54	125	4,92	65	2,56	20	15	
RG M12 I	18	11/16	20	13/16	125	4,92	165	6,50	75	2,95	40	30	
RG M16 I	22	7/8	24	1	160	6,30	205	8,07	95	3,74	80	59	
RG M20 I	28	1 1/8	32	1 1/4	200	7,87	260	10,24	125	4,92	120	89	

Drill	bit	Rods	Rebar	Internal anchor	Bru	ısh	Injection adapter		
Ø [inch]	Ø [mm]	Ø [mm]	Ø [mm]	Ø [mm]	Туре	Item. No.	Size	Color	
7/16	12	3/8	-	-	BS12	78179	-	-	
1/2	14	-	#3	-	BS14	78180	12	nature	
9/16	15	1/2	-	-	BS14	78180	14	blue	
5/8	16	-	#4	-	BS 16/18	78181	16	red	
3/4	18	5/8	-	RG MI 3/8	BS 16/18	78181	18	yellow	
13/16	20	-	#5	RG MI 1/2	BS 20	52277	20	green	
7/8	22	3/4	#6	-	BS 20	52277	20	green	
1	25	7/8	-	RG MI 5/8	BS 25	97806	25	black	
1 1/8	28	1	#7	-	BS 28	78183	28	blue	
1 1/4	32	1 1/8	#8	RG MI 3/4	BS 35	78184	30	grey	
1 3/8	35	1 1/4	#9	-	BS 35	78184	35	brown	
1 1/2	40	-	#10	-	BSB 40	505061	40	red	
1 3/4	45	-	#11	-	BSB 45	506254	45	yellow	

Table V. Drill hole diameter / Accessories for fractional sizes

Table VI. Fractional threaded rods

da	C	d ₀ h _{ef,min}		ef,min	h _{ef,}	,max	h,	min	$s_{min} = c_{min}$		max T _{inst}	
[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[Nm]	[ft · lb]
3/8	12	7/16	60	2 3/8	191	7 1/2	hef + 30	hef + 1,25	42.5	1.67	20	15
1/2	15	9/16	70	2 3/4	254	10	(≥100)	(≥4)	57.5	2.26	41	30
5/8	18	3/4	79	3 1/8	318	12 1/2			65	2.56	68	50
3/4	22	7/8	89	3 1/2	381	15			80	3.15	122	90
7/8	25	1	89	3 1/2	445	17 1/2	h 10d	h 10d	95	3.74	136	100
1	28	1 1/8	102	4	508	20	$n_{ef} + 2u_0$	$n_{ef} + 2u_0$	110	4.33	183	135
1 1/8	32	1 1/4	114	4 1/2	572	22 1/2		1	135	5.31	244	180
1 1/4	35	1 3/8	127	5	635	25			160	6.30	325	240

Table VII. Fractional reinforcing bars

d_a / d_b	d	0	$h_{ef,min}$		h _{ef,max}		h _{min}		$s_{min} = c_{min}$		max T _{inst} ¹	
[-]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[Nm]	[ft · lb]
#3	14	1/2	60	2 3/8	191	7 1/2	h _{ef} + 30 (≥100)	h _{ef} + 1,25 (≥4)	43	1.69	30	22
#4	16	5/8	70	2 3/4	254	10			58	2.28	60	44
#5	20	13/16	79	3 1/8	318	12 1/2			65	2.56	110	81
#6	22	7/8	89	3 1/2	381	15			80	3.15	175	129
#7	28	1 1/8	89	3 1/2	445	17 1/2	h_{ef} + 2 d_0	h_{ef} + 2 d_0	95	3.74	240	177
#8	32	1 1/4	102	4	508	20			110	4.33	320	236
#9	35	1 3/8	114	4 1/2	572	22 1/2			130	5.12	380	280
#10	40	1 1/2	127	5	635	25			160	6.30	450	332
#11	45	1 3/4	140	5 1/2	699	27 1/2			175	6.89	450	332

¹Torque moment only required when using threaded reinforcing bars to resist seismic loading

Table VIII. Fractional internal threaded anchor

d _e	da		d ₀		h _{ef}		h _{min}		$s_{min} = c_{min}$		max T _{inst}	
[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[Nm]	[ft · lb]
RG MI 3/8	16	5/8	18	3/4	90	3,54	125	4,92	65	2,56	20	15
RG MI 1/2	18	11/16	20	13/16	125	4,92	165	6,50	75	2,95	40	30
RG MI 5/8	22	7/8	24	1	160	6,30	205	8,07	95	3,74	80	59
RG MI 3/4	28	1 1/8	32	1 1/4	200	7,87	260	10,24	125	4,92	120	89

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Table IX. Processing and curing times

		Temp	erature Rar	nge1		Working time / processing time	Curing time
						t _{work}	t _{cure}
	[°C]			[°F]		[min]	[h]
-5	to	0	23	to	32	240	200
> 0	to	5	> 32	to	41	150	90
> 5	to	10	> 41	to	50	120	40
> 10	to	20	> 50	to	68	30	22
> 20	to	30	> 68	to	86	14	10
> 30	to	40	> 86	to	104	7	5

¹Minimal cartridge temperature +5 °C / +41 °F

FIGURE 6—FIS EM PLUS INSTALLATION INFORMATION (Continued)

Thread end geometry threaded rod fischer FIS A



Alternative head geometry fischer FIS A and RG M



Alternative point geometry threaded rod fischer FIS A and RG M



Marking (on random place) fischer anchor rod:

Steel zinc plated PC ¹ 8.8	• or +	Steel hot-dip PC ¹ 8.8	•
High corrosion resistant steel HCR PC ¹ 50	•	High corrosion resistant steel HCR PC ¹ 70	-
High corrosion resistant steel HCR PC ¹ 80	(Stainless steel R property class 50	~
Stainless steel R property class 80	*		

Alternatively: Colour coding according to DIN 976-1:2016

¹PC = property class

FIGURE 7—FISCHER THREADED RODS FIS A AND RGM



FIGURE 8-FIS EM PLUS ANCHORING SYSTEM, STEEL ELEMENTS AND ACCESSORIES



ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-1990 LABC and LARC Supplement

Reissued September 2021

Revised February 2023 This report is subject to renewal September 2023.

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A Subsidiary of the International Code Council®

DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

fischer FIS EM PLUS ADHESIVE ANCHORING SYSTEM AND POST INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR CONNECTIONS FOR CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System in cracked and uncracked concrete, described in ICC-ES evaluation report <u>ESR-1990</u>, have also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below as adopted by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS).

Applicable code editions:

- 2023 City of Los Angeles Building Code (LABC)
- 2023 City of Los Angeles Residential Code (LARC)

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System in cracked and uncracked concrete, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report <u>ESR-1990</u>, comply with the LABC Chapter 19, and the LARC, and are subject to the conditions of use described in this supplement.

3.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System in cracked and uncracked concrete described in this evaluation report must comply with all of the following conditions:

- All applicable sections in the evaluation report ESR-1990.
- The design, installation, conditions of use and labeling of the anchors are in accordance with the 2021 *International Building Code*[®] (IBC) provisions noted in the evaluation report <u>ESR-1990</u>.
- The design, installation and inspection are in accordance with additional requirements of LABC Chapters 16 and, 17, as applicable.
- Under the LARC, an engineered design in accordance with LARC Section R301.1.3 must be submitted.
- The allowable and strength design values listed in the evaluation report and tables are for the connection of the adhesive anchors or post-installed reinforcing bars to the concrete. The connection between the adhesive anchors or post-installed reinforcing bars and the connected members shall be checked for capacity (which may govern).
- For use in wall anchorage assemblies to flexible diaphragm applications, anchors shall be designed per the requirements of City of Los Angeles Information Bulletin P/BC 2020-071.

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, reissued September 2021 and revised February 2023.

ICC-ES Evaluation Reports are not to be construed as representing aesthetics or any other attributes not specifically addressed, nor are they to be construed as an endorsement of the subject of the report or a recommendation for its use. There is no warranty by ICC Evaluation Service, LLC, express or implied, as to any finding or other matter in this report, or as to any product covered by the report.





ICC-ES Evaluation Report

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1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections in cracked and uncracked concrete, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-1990, have also been evaluated for compliance with the code(*s*) noted below.

Applicable code editions:

■ 2022 California Building Code (CBC)

For evaluation of applicable chapters adopted by the California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD) AKA: California Department of Health Care Access and Information (HCAI) and Division of State Architect (DSA), see Sections 2.1.1 and 2.1.2 below.

■ 2022 California Residential Code (CRC)

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

2.1 CBC:

The fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections in cracked and uncracked concrete, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-1990, comply with CBC Chapter 19, provided the design and installation are in accordance with the 2021 *International Building Code*[®] (IBC) provisions noted in the evaluation report and the additional requirements of CBC Chapters 16, 17 and 19, as applicable.

2.1.1 OSHPD:

The applicable OSHPD Sections and Chapters of the CBC are beyond the scope of this supplement.

2.1.2 DSA:

The applicable DSA Sections and Chapters of the CBC are beyond the scope of this supplement.

2.2 CRC:

The fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections in cracked and uncracked concrete, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-1990, comply with CRC Section R301.1.3, provided the design and installation are in accordance with the 2021 *International Building Code*[®] (IBC) provisions noted in the evaluation report and the additional requirements of CBC Chapters 16, 17 and 19, as applicable.

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, reissued September 2021 and revised February 2023.

ICC-ES Evaluation Reports are not to be construed as representing aesthetics or any other attributes not specifically addressed, nor are they to be construed as an endorsement of the subject of the report or a recommendation for its use. There is no warranty by ICC Evaluation Service, LLC, express or implied, as to any finding or other matter in this report, or as to any product covered by the report.





ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-1990 FBC Supplement

Reissued September 2021 Revised Febraury 2023 This report is subject to renewal September 2023.

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DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

fischer FIS EM PLUS ADHESIVE ANCHORING SYSTEM AND POST INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR CONNECTIONS FOR CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-1990, has also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below.

Applicable code editions:

- 2020 Florida Building Code—Building
- 2020 Florida Building Code—Residential

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The fischer FIS EM Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-1990, comply with the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, provided the design requirements are determined in accordance with the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, as applicable. The installation requirements noted in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-1990 for the 2018 *International Building Code®* meet the requirements of the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code®* code*®* meet the requirements of the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code*.

Use of the fischer FIS EM Plus Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System has also been found to be in compliance with the High-Velocity Hurricane Zone provisions of the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the following condition:

a) For connections subject to uplift, the connection must be designed for no less than 700 pounds (3114 N).

For products falling under Florida Rule 61G20-3, verification that the report holder's quality-assurance program is audited by a quality-assurance entity approved by the Florida Building Commission for the type of inspections being conducted is the responsibility of an approved validation entity (or the code official, when the report holder does not possess an approval by the Commission).

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